THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, THURSDAY, JUNE 2, 1870. [VOLUME II---NUMBER 296

EVENING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JUNE 2.

ATLANTA PRICE-CURRENT.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, June 1, 3 o'clock, P. M.

Business more active this morning, but prices remain unchanged.

Eggs and poultry are scarce and in great demand. Vegetables are abundant, with a downward tendency as to prices.

The market is nearly bare of strictly choice white corn.

COTTON—Receipts are light, and the market dull; Middlings 20; low middlings 19; good ordinary 18; ordinary 17.

MONETARY—Gold buying at 1 13; selling at 1 15. Silver buying at 1 08; selling at 1 13. Exchange on New York buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

GRAIN—Choice prime white corn very scarce; mixed and yellow more abundant. We quote mixed and yellow at $1 45, and prime white $1 50 in car load lots at depot; $1 50a1 55 in small lots. In Wheat there is but little doing, and it may be quoted nominally 1 40a1 45 for prime red; 1 45a1 50 for prime white. The demand for Oats is steady at 87c per bushel, in car load lots and 90 in small quantities. Rye, 1 25 in but little demand.

PROVISIONS—There is a light stock of bacon and prices rule stiff. Clear sides command 19a19¼; clear rib sides 18½a18¾; shoulders 14¾a15; plain hams 18a20; canvased 20a22.

BULK MEATS—Are also in light supply; clear sides 18¾; clear rib sides 17½a17¾; shoulders 14; hams 17½a18.

LARD—Choice in barrels 19; kegs and cans 20; inferior 18a19.

FLOUR—In good demand and stocks full. Superfine per bbl. 6 00a 6 25; extra 6 50 a7 00; family 7 00a7 50; fancy 8 00a8 50.

GROCERIES.—Corn meal 1 50, by car load, 1 55 in small lots. Rice, 8c, tierces. Soap, 7a9c. Candles, adamantine, 15c; Tallow 12a15c. Sugars, A, 16c; Extra C, 15; Yellow, C, 12a13; Brown, 14a14½. Rio Coffee, 20a24; Java, 35a38c. Beeswax, 33 a34. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 50. N. O. Syrup, 75a1 00. Molasses, barrels, 42a45. Pepper, 37½. Race Ginger, 25. Starch 10. Extra State cheese, 15c; Factory, 20a21c; English dairy, 23c. Goshen butter 40a50c; Tennessee, 35a45. Apples 7 00a10 00 per bbl. Eating potatoes 2 75a3 50 per bbl; planting 5 00a6 00. Eggs, 20 per doz. by the lot.

TOBACCO.—Atlanta is one of the best tobacco markets in the United States, for price and quality. We quote low grades, sound medium, summer work, 65. Stock small. Low grade, winter work (won't stand May sweat) 60a62½; fine 90a1 00; choice 1 25; leaf 20.

DRY GOODS.—In dry goods, Atlanta equals New York, and our wholesale dealers can duplicate New York bills, saving freight and expense of travel there and back. We call attention to the quotations: Ameskeag 13; Sprague, 13; Pacific 13; Lancaster 11; Wamsutta 7 3-4; Amoskeag, 9 1-2. Ticking, Pittsfield, 12; Croton, 12; Albany, 12; Eastern B, 18; Amoskeag D, 23; Hamilton, 32; Conestoga 4-4, 30; Amoskeag A C A 40. Low grades of prints can be had at from 6 to 6½.

FACTORY GOODS.—The supply of Factory Goods is ample and the quality the best offered in any market. Brown Shirtings, 7-8 12; B. Shirting 3-4, 9¼a4-4, 14; Bleached shirting, ¾, 7a9¼; Bleached shirting, ⅞, 11½a14½; Brown drills, 14½; Bleached Drills, 15½; Stripes, 16½a18½; Checks, 18½a19; Montour Canaburgs, 19½; Troup, 20½; 22 Yarns, 1 75.

HARDWARE—Swedes iron, 8a9; horse shoe, 7a8, round and square, 5a10; City Mills bar, 5a6; Pittsburgh bar, 6; nail rod, 10a12; band, 7a8; Nails, 4s to 60s, 5 75; 3s, common, 6 75; 3s, fine, 8 75. Plow steel, 11c; cast, 26a28c; German, 18a20.

LIQUOR MARKET—Whisky, rectified, 1 25 a1 50 as to proof; Bourbon 1 25a6 00; Robinson County, 2 00a3 00; Cognac Brandy, 1 50a3 00; St. Croix Rum, 4 00a6 00; Jamaica Rum, 4 00a6 00; Holland Gin, 1 5 0a6 00; Scotch, 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter, 3 00; French Brandy, 4 50a12 00.

LIME AND CEMENT—Cherokee lime, 50c per bushel; Chewackla, 60c. Hydraulic cement, 5 00 per barrel, James River 4 50 per bbl. Plaster of Paris, 6 00 per barrel.

LEATHER AND HIDES—White oak sole, 40a50; Hemlock, good, 31a33; damaged, 25a30; French calf skins, 34 00a58 00 per doz; American calf skins, 25 00a45 00; Harness leather, 45a50c; upper leather, 60a80c; lininginskins, (sheep), 4 50a9 00 per doz. Green hides 8a9c; dry salted, 15a16c; dry flint, 16a18c.

POWDER AND SHOT—Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, 7 25; blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag, 3 00; buck, 3 25.

DRUGS AND DYES—Bi-carb soda 7a8 per lb. Blue stone 18a20. Copperas 4a5. Epsom salts 6½a8. Madder 22a25. Opium 17 00a19 00 per pound. Alum, 8a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone, 8a10. Camphor, 1 20a1 40. Indigo, 1 20a1 60. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a20c per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 6 00a6 50; pints, 3 50a3 75; per gal., 3 75a 4 00. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50a6 00; per gal., 1 45a3 50.

COW FEED.—Hay, 1 70a1 85 per 100 lbs. Peas, (scarce) 2 75 per bushel; wheat bran, 1 75 per 100 lbs; Oil meal 2½c per lb.

OILS AND PAINTS.—Linseed oil, raw, per gal., 1 30a1 35; do., boiled, 1 35a 1 40; Sperm, 2 50a3 00; Whale, 1 50a 2 00; Lard, 1 40a2 00; Pure Winter, 1 75a2 00; Tanners, 1 00a1 25; Kerosene 1 75a2 00; Petro, 35; Copal Varnish, 2 75a4 00; Japan, 3 00a3 50; Coach, 5 00a6 00. White dead, pure lb, 11½a15; do., pure, 16½.

HOGS AND LIVE CATTLE.—Live shotes, 6½a7½, owing to size; stock fair; no demand. Live cattle on foot, choice 5a5½c; common 3½a4c gross. Stock light.

DRIED FRUIT.—Peeled Peaches 9a11c; not peeled 5a6c; Apples 5ac6.

BAGGING AND ROPE—India and Borneo bagging, 29a30c; Kentucky, 20a25. Machine made rope, 8½c; hand made, 8c.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, June 1.—Stocks very steady. Money easy at 4. Exchange, long, 10; short 10¾. Gold 1 14¾. Bonds 12½; Tennessee ex-coupons 61¼; new 57½. Louisiana sixes, old, 76½; new 73½. Levee sixes 75¾; eights, 92. Alabama eights 101½; fives 76. Georgia sixes 88; sevens 95. North Carolinas, old, 49; new 26¼. South Carolinas, old 93; new 82.

Flour 5c lower. Wheat dull and 1c lower. Corn 1a2c lower. Pork heavy at 29 62. Lard 15¾a15¾. Cotton unchanged; sales 600 bales at 22½a23. Turpentine steady at 38. Rosin steady at 2 10 for common. Freights firmer.

LONDON, June 1, noon.—Consols 94¾. Bonds 89¼. Tallow firm. Sugar, afloat, quiet.

LIVERPOOL, June 1, noon.—Cotton quiet; Uplands 10⅝a10¾; Orleans 11; sales 10,000 bales. Corn 29s 3d.

LATER.—Breadstuffs quiet. Pork and Lard heavy.

PARIS, June 1.—Bourse opened dull. Rentes 74f. 60c.

NOSEOLOGY.—The nose is one of the most important component parts of ugliness, and is almost invariably a drawback to beauty. It is a terrible thing, that nose! Who ever saw a nose that he could call perfect? Who ever saw one that was not a little too red, or too yellow, or too white in its color? Where is the nose that is not a little too broad, or too slim, or too long, or a little wry? Taken in another light: the nose is a good sign of character. An aquiline nose indicates determination, genius. A sharp, delicate nose is expressive of intellectual resources. A broad, flat nose is suggestive of good humor. A pug nose, in its very name, indicates pugnacity; a shapeless nose means brutality; while a red, speckled, blooming nose is a flaming sign, letting the world know that just below is the entrance to a well-stocked whisky store.

☞ The Methodist Church is sending missionaries to Salt Lake City to convert the erring Mormons.

☞ George W. Dent, who was appointed Appraiser at San Francisco, is a brother-in-law of the President.

Beet Sugar.

The cultivation of the sugar-beet root in France increased from 140,852¾ acres in 1840 to 336,069 6-7 acres in 1862, or one hundred and thirty-eight per cent.

French Farming.

The are 3,830,000 proprietors of land in France, and in 1866 there were 3,226,000 farms; of this number fifty-six per cent. contained less than twelve and a half English acres of land. The average extent of all the farms in France (exclusive of forests) is twenty-six and a quarter acres. The number of leased farms in 1862 was 568,000.

☞ The superheating of the sun in the ocean extends only to the depth of about twenty fathoms.

Foreign Cattle.

From statistical reports it appears that in 1868, there were in the Australian colonies 3,915,000 cattle, and 47,600,000 sheep. This number, as compared with the number returned in 1867, shows the enormous increase of 4,000,000 of sheep in one year. The latest returns from the Cape of Good Hope give 692,000 cattle and 9,836,000 sheep in that colony. Comparing the number of sheep and the amount of wool exported in 1867, it shows in Australia an average weight of wool exported of 3.75 pounds to each head of sheep, and at the Cape of Good Hope 3.65 pounds per head of sheep.

☞ In the last twenty-three years the value of the whale oil and whalebone trade of the United States has been one hundred millions of dollars. It has fallen off in the last few years on account of the decline in shipping.

☞ The employment of female clerks by the Government began in May, 1862. Over 700 are employed at salaries ranging from $720 to $900 a year. The Senate, on Friday, put the pay of female clerks the same as male clerks.

New Freight Tariff.

We call attention to an advertisement, copied from the Atlanta Intelligencer, of the freight tariff rates of the Western and Atlantic and Selma, Rome and Dalton railroads.

We publish the information for the benefit of our large list of mercantile readers in Northern Georgia and North Alabama.

☞ In the debate on the bill to enforce the 15th Amendment, Mr. Eldridge interrupted Mr. Bingham by saying that the bill established an "empire of despotism." Mr. Bingham declined to be further interrupted by Mr. Eldridge.

We don't blame Mr. Bingham. Such interruptions are too damaging and unanswerable to be allowed.

In the same discussion, Mr. Bingham used the following remarkable sentence:

I do not forget in this discussion that grand utterance which, when the American people first struck for independence and self-government, they borrowed from England's martyred hero, Sydney, graved it on their guns, and read it in the lurid light of battle, "Resistance to tyrants is obedience to God." I repeat it, "Resistance to tyrants is obedience to God," even though that resistance be made with the sword, with shot and shell and bayonet.

Spread Eagle.

The following is fine from Senator Flanagan, of Texas. This chap is all sound on the goose. The subject of removing the capitol was before Congress, and it called forth Flanny into this superb explosion:

I fondly think the day is not distant when the Stars and Stripes will float with proud credit and honor and glory, as in the proud old days of Rome, over Mexico, Cuba, and all the islands adjacent. I believe, as I have been raised to believe from my earliest boyhood, that the Constitution of the United States is second only to the blessed Gospel. I believe that mankind is to be benefitted, and I hope they are being so at this day, by the light shining out from the glorious Constitution of the United States, and there is no telling where we are to make a stop.

The statement that the Stars and Stripes, in the days of Rome, floated over Mexico and Cuba, is worthy of our great Atlanta Radical discoverer. The organ must look out for its laurels. The compliment to the Gospel is rather tough. Just before this compliment is about where the gushing Flanny should have made his "stop." The probabilities are, that under the light of the glorious Constitution, as expounded by Radicalism, this country will "make a stop" somewhere the other side of general smash-up, or a confounded old despotism.

The Van Wert Railroad and the State Road.

Editors Constitution: The charter of the Cartersville and Van Wert Railroad makes it the duty of the Superintendent of the State Road to furnish the Cartersville and Van Wert Road with cars, motive power and such other assistance as may be agreed upon between the Superintendents of the roads—inasmuch as the Cartersville and Van Wert Railroad will be a very great feeder to the State Road.

The Cartersville and Van Wert Road agreed with the former Superintendent, that the material transported over the State Road in constructing the Cartersville and Van Wert Road should be at one-half price, but has been promptly paid at full prices. The State Road promised to loan sufficient ties to lay the track to the river, as there were no ties to be had on the line of the road till after passing the river. This is only what was done for the Air-Line, and is common all over the country, for an old road to extend courtesies and render assistance to new roads being built as feeders to the old. Of course the ties are to be returned, and the contractors become personally responsible to the State Road for the return of the ties or payment. The Cartersville and Van Wert Railroad has paid full freight for every article transported over the State Road, and paid as promptly as any other men having freight over the line.

No bonds, money, or other things belonging to the State, have been used by the Cartersville and Van Wert Road, except cars and engines, which have all been paid for. In short, the State Road has not been able, with the press of business it has had, to lend anything like the assistance to the Cartersville and Van Wert Road as that company had reason to expect, from the promises made by Colonel Hulbert, and not as much as is usually extended under like circumstances.

BAGPIPES IN CONNECTION WITH RELIGION.—The English Presbyterian Synod, after a stormy meeting lately, voted in favor of allowing organs to be used in their churches. One old Scotch clergyman was, however, terribly distressed about it. He said that "when he left a quiet Scotch manse some time ago, he never dreamed that he was going to join an organ-playing community in England. He should rather expect the blessing of God in connection with the use of the bagpipes—played with all the intelligent energy and natural enthusiasm of the Highlanders—than in connection with the use of mechanical contrivances played by professional musicians."

Georgia News.

The colored men of Forsyth propose organizing a fire company.

More than an average crop of wheat will be harvested in Monroe.

Monroe Superior Court convenes next Monday.

Monroe Female College commencement exercises begin on the 30th proximo.

A "Slipper Club" is to be organized in Girard.

A new hall is to be built in Macon to hold 2,500 persons.

Crops about Lumpkin are highly favorable.

Heavy rains have fallen in Burke county, doing slight injury to the crops.

A Street Lighting Gas Company is on the tapis at Savannah.

The Masons of Savannah will celebrate St. John's Day by a picnic.

Mrs. Nancy Caraker, died in Milledgeville Monday night.

A fine revival is in progress at the Baptist Church in Milledgeville.

In the Superior Court at Macon, the case of Burgay, charged with the murder of Minchew, has been continued.

The wholesale grocery and provision store of Johnson, Campbell & Co., in Macon, was entered by burglars on Sunday night. Loss slight.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Mobile and Girard Railroad Company takes place on Wednesday, July 6th.

Wm. Pruyer was shot and killed in Clarke county by his son-in-law, William Jones.

It is proposed by the Oglethorpe Fire Company, of Savannah, to visit Philadelphia.

Census-takers for Augusta and the county are David Porter, George M. Hood and John Reynolds.

The ship Atlantic cleared on Monday from Savannah for Liverpool with 3,246 bales cotton. Value of cargo $335,000.

A new reaper, with rakes and side delivery, weighing 600 pounds, for the harvesting of rice, is on exhibition at Savannah.

James Eddy (negro) caused the arrest of Amos Robinson, in Savannah, on Monday, on the charge of assaulting him with intent to murder.

A Savannah morning paper gave a glowing account of a sermon preached in that city on Sunday by Father Ryan, who, strange to say, did not preach at all.

John Williams, charged with the murder of policeman John Sullivan, in Savannah last December, is on trial in the Superior Court of that city.

It is considered to be a settled fact by the friends of the enterprise that a railroad will soon be constructed from Bainbridge via Cuthbert to Columbus.

A fifteenth amendment recently disguised himself as a Ku-Klux, but was stripped and soundly thrashed by the other resident amendments in Washington, Wilkes county.

From Coweta county we learn that the wheat crop is good and nearly ready for harvesting. Corn and cotton are looking well and clean. Freedmen are working tolerably well.

During a revival at the African Baptist Church in Columbus last Sunday, owing to the heavy pressure, the platform in front of the church fell through, carrying with it some sixty persons. No one was seriously injured.

The champion flag and the prize purses were delivered to the victors in the recent Regatta on Monday evening at the Pulaski House. A champagne supper closed the festivities. A meeting of the citizens of Savannah is to be called to organize a State Regatta Association.

The Rome Daily, 31st, says: The rain has been of immense value to the crops, and its timely fall retrieved the fast falling oat crop. It also brags of having in its office a head of wheat containing one hundred and twenty perfectly developed and full-grown grains of wheat.

The Rome Courier says: The route for the great Southern mail from New York to New Orleans is, at present, undetermined, but it is believed that it will soon be ordered via Lynchburg, Bristol, Dalton, Rome and Selma. This will be a well-deserved and substantial compliment to the Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad.

The Augusta Constitutionalist speaking of the Portable or Walking Railway Car now on exhibition in that city, says: The mechanical principle of the machine or car is similar to an endless chain pump, or grain or water elevator, applied by new devices of truck wheels and connecting rods to a car or road vehicle, and we think the invention a good one for the purpose of elevating water or grain, and for dredging, but doubt its usefulness or practicability when applied to cars or vehicles.

The Milledgeville Union says: We understand a scheme is on foot among some of our citizens to get up a Fair, to be held annually in our city, for the counties of Baldwin, Jones, Wilkinson, Washington, Hancock, and perhaps other counties. We learn that the 25th day of June has been fixed on, and the court house in Milledgeville the place for a meeting of delegates from these several counties for the purpose of organization.

A BRASH PETTICOAT.

The Mazeppa of the Humboldt.

The Elko Independent refers to a noted female celebrity in that vicinity:

"The town of Carlin is the home of Susie Raper, the famous Lady Gay Spanker and female buccaneer of the sagebrush. Every now and then the citizens of that place are treated to a little fun by the fair damsel. Susie has no superior in boldness, dash and intrigue, if any equals. No yellow-covered book ever pictured her equal, if all accounts be true. Susie is as gay and festive as any female troubadour who ever trod the mountains under the blue sky of Italy. Possessing a natural and graceful appearance, a keen eye, quick intellect, a tongue that swings on a pivot, she can make up to represent any character, and has ability enough to execute any deep-laid scheme. The Mazeppa chief of a gang of hand pirates, she boasts of her power to command, at a moment's warning, their assistance to execute her wishes, however unlawful or diabolical they may be.

"The experience of the dungeon taught her no lesson, as it was hoped it would have done by her lovers. On Friday last, a valuable race-horse of hers, named Humboldt, was attached by Constable Brophy to satisfy a butcher's bill, at Mineral Hill, and brought to Carlin without her knowledge. On learning the fact she went to the stable where the horse was kept, and coaxed the groomsman to allow her to lead him into the yard to see if the animal would recognize her. No sooner was she out than she sprang astride Humboldt and started for another stable, claiming possession and threatening the officers with destruction if they attempted to retake the horse. She was finally captured, after a liberal exhibition of her well-molded extremities to the greedy street gazers, in her Menken ride through the town. The horse was placed in a secure position, and Susie left with curses on her lips."

☞ Severe frosts have committed much injury in the wine-growing districts of France.

☞ Mr. E. J. Judah, the editor of the Monitor, published at Quincy, Florida, committed suicide in that place on Friday evening, by shooting himself through the head with a pistol.

☞ A Southern paper announces that the editor is fortified against snake bites. Some one has sent him a barrel of whisky.

☞ Red Cloud, the Sioux chief, now visiting the President, is said to address that personage as "Smoke Cloud."

The Latest News.

At the Bowery Theater in New York, on Saturday, a woman was frightfully torn by a lion, while exhibiting in the cage.

General Rosecrans will publish an address to the people concerning our national policy towards Mexico.

Three children were killed by lightning near Claremont, Minnesota, recently.

At Springfield, Illinois, Coburn Bancroft, for refusing to surrender to the officers sent to arrest him, was killed by a policeman.

It is rumored that the Fenians intend an invasion of Canada by way of Niagara.

There is great rejoicing in Canada over the Fenian fiasco.

Many Fenians believe O'Neill intended to be arrested, and threaten his life if an opportunity is presented. They still claim he has a large amount of money, collected from the hard earnings of Irish laborers.

The Indians in Wyoming are very belligerent.

The currency redeemed during the week ending May 28, 1870, amounted to $276,763 69.

The bank circulation outstanding May 28 was $290,474,842.

The total securities held by the Treasurer of the United States in trust for National Banks, is $358,583,750.

The bridge over White River, on the Pittsburg, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railroad, was burned on Friday.

The movement to consolidate the taxes on whisky and collect them into one general tax, payable at the distillery, does not meet with favor in Congress.

Nebraska is now to be the shipping point for Texas drovers.

Collector Grinnel at New York is to be removed.

James Smith, champion walker of America, has challenged Weston to a walking match.

The Secretary of the Treasury has directed the Assistant Treasurer at New York to sell one million of gold on each Wednesday of the month of June, the 1st, 3d, and 5th on account of the sinking fund, and the 2d and 4th on account of the special fund; also, to purchase two millions of bonds on the 1st, 3d, and 5th Thursdays on account of the special fund, and one million on the 2d and 4th Thursdays on account of the sinking fund. Aggregate sales of gold, five millions. Aggregate purchases of bonds, eight millions.

A man in Brown county, Indiana, poisoned an entire family in order to get sole possession of an inheritance.

The skeleton of a woman was recently found in New York in a box, by workmen engaged in cleaning out a vault under the City Hall.

The Fenian invasion has been abandoned as hopeless. The men are almost famished, and but for the charity of the people of Malone, would be starving. Prominent officers of the brotherhood have agreed to discountenance further hostile movements on the American continent, while nearly all the men say they will never have anything to do with Fenianism again, and will use their influence against it.

The Southern Presbyterian General Assembly will next convene at Huntsville, Alabama.

Heavy snow storms are reported west of Cheyenne.

City and Suburban Affairs.

THE late book-keeper of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, B. F. Moore, could probably give the Investigating Committee great light upon railroad matters. If the committee wants light, why not have him come before them?

ACCIDENT.—We learn that on yesterday a man employed in constructing the bridge across the Etowah river, on the Cartersville and Van Wert Railroad, near Cartersville, was instantly killed by a rock falling while being raised by the derrick. The man killed was named Joe Reeves. He stumbled and fell, and the rock in falling, first struck him on the legs, bounded on his body and finally on his head. But for the intervention of a root, the rock would have crushed his skull. He died almost instantaneously. Such is our information.

HEADQ'RS MILITARY DIST. OF GEORGIA, ATLANTA, GA., May 30, 1870.

Special Orders No. 11.

It is ordered that in the case of Melissa Davis, the indentures of apprenticeship be cancelled and she be returned to her uncle, Nelson Davis. And further, that the Ordinary of Coweta county, Georgia, refrain from any steps or measures to take her from him in the future.

By order of Brevet Major General Terry.

R. P. HUGHES, Capt. and Bvt. Maj. U. S. A., A. D. C. & A. A. A. G.

Official: R. P. HUGHES, A. A. A. G.

SUPREME COURT.—The Supreme Court of Georgia assembles next week.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—Judge Wadsworth and Senor Palancio re-opened the Mexican Claims Commission this morning.

The tight rope performer, Harry Leslie, fell and broke his arm and was otherwise injured. His recovery is probable.

Bradley is held in a bond of five thousand dollars to keep the peace against Judge Fisher. The difficulty grew out of the Surratt trial.

There is no prospect of the Georgia bill until after the tax bill.

Congressional.

In the House, the consideration of the banking and currency business was postponed to Tuesday next.

A resolution allowing women to take census meeting with objection, went over.

The Senate resumed the consideration of re-districting the judicial circuits. No action.

Nothing from committees.

Cincinnati merchants remonstrate against the increase of tax on making tobacco.

The New York merchants petition for a uniform tax on manufactured tobacco and snuff of sixteen cents.

Butler, of Massachusetts, asked the unanimous consent to introduce a joint resolution annexing San Domingo.

Brooks objected.

The bill reducing taxes was then resumed. Progress slow.

RICHMOND, June 1.—The Conservative candidates held a meeting and declined to accept the offices for which they have received certificates, if it shall appear, on legal investigation, that their election depends on the throwing out of the vote of the precinct from which the ballot-box was stolen. They invite their opponents to contest the election before the courts, and declare the belief that such evidence of fraud and irregularity exists as will give the Conservative ticket the legal return.

PROVIDENCE, June 1.—The General Assembly organized by electing Republican officers. A Republican caucus re-nominated Anthony for the Senate by 68 to 10. The nomination was then made unanimous. This defeats the Sprague party in Rhode Island.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, June 1.—As the oil train was approaching the city it took fire and was destroyed. The bridge over the Cuyhoga caught on fire by the passing train and was destroyed.

TROY, June 1.—Robert Milliken, recently city editor of the Whig, was killed by falling through a bridge.

PARIS, June 1.—The French Ambassador to Vienna has the small-pox.

The small-pox has broke out on Prince Napoleon's yacht.

Lookout Mountain House,

CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE.

RE-OPENED for the Summer and thoroughly refitted. Hotel and Cabins rejuvenated. Can accommodate one hundred and fifty visitors daily. A. L. RICHEY & CO.

may21-d2m

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD,

OFFICE GENERAL FREIGHT AGENT, ATLANTA, GA., June 1, 1870.

ON and after JUNE 1st, 1870, the following Freight Tariff will be enforced between Atlanta and stations on SELMA, ROME AND DALTON RAILROAD:

Between Atlanta and	Cumming's (To Cross Plains.)	Jackson's (To Alpine.)	Chickamauga (To Calera.)	Rossville (To Ringgold.)	Mapleville (To Selma.)
First Class.....per 100 lbs	103	121	129	135	144
Second Class.....	89	104	100	116	123
Third Class.....	69	80	82	89	94
Fourth Class.....					
Potatoes, Apples, Onions.....	54	62	65	68	71
Iron Ties.....					
PER BUSHEL.					
Corn, Peas, Meal.....					
Barley, Rye, Wheat.....	17	21	22	24	25
Oats.....	13½	13½	13½	14½	15½
Lime, per barrel.....	64	74	77	83	88
Flour, per barrel.....	60	77	82	88	95
PER CAR LOAD.					
Lumber, Bones, Bark.....					
Lime, Laths, Shingles.....					
Slate, Brick, Staves.....					
Marble.....	27 00	32 00	34 00	37 00	.....
Coal, Coke, Ores.....	25 00	29 00	32 00	34 00	41 00
Iron—Pig, R. R. Scrap.....	27 00	35 00	39 00	43 00	48 00
Salt, Cement, Ice.....					
Fish.....	33 00	41 00	45 00	47 00	49 00
Molasses.....					
Flour, 80 barrels.....					
Household plunder.....	21 90	60 70	65 50	69 00	75 50

The completion of the Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad to Dalton, gives to Shippers choice of routes via Kingston or Dalton. They should specify the route desired for their shipments upon the shipping ticket.

Attention is invited to the rates given upon Coal, Iron and Forest Products. Tariff and Classification Sheets furnished upon application.

A. POPE, General Freight Agent.

June—

KING HOUSE,

Stone Mountain .....Georgia.

NOW OPEN for the accommodation of the traveling public. No pains nor expense spared to render guests comfortable. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Attentive waiters. An excellent

STRING AND BRASS BAND

Connected with the house. The best, healthiest and most pleasant summer resort in the South; accessible by mail and railroad from all parts of the State. Terms moderate.

may29-d1m J. J. MORRISON, Proprietor.

☞ City papers copy to the amount of five dollars and send bill to J. J. M.

California Wine House.

ANGELICA, Hock, Claret, and other brands of California Wines and choice Liquors. Come and try it. JACOB MORRIS, Hunter, between Broad and Whitehall Sts.

apr28-d3m

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received until the first day of June, for the building of a new Church, located on the Georgia Railroad, one-half mile from the corporate limits of the city. The specifications and drawings can be seen at the office of G. F. Akers, on Whitehall street, over Bradfield's Drug Store.

C. F. AKERS, Chairman,
JOHN W. HURT, } Building
JAMES R. MAYSON, } Committee.
Dr. JOSEPH JONES,

may19-dtf

LANDSBERG'S

LUMBER YARD,

OPPOSITE GEORGIA RAILROAD DEPOT.

Framing Lumber.

DRY WORKED FLOORING

AND

Weather Boarding.

WHITE PINE

SASH, DOORS & BLINDS.

may7—

C. KETCHUM,

IMPORTER & DEALER IN

CARPETING,

FLOOR & TABLE OIL-CLOTHS,

CURTAIN MATERIALS AND SHADES,

73 Main street, above Third.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Tapestry Brussels $1.45; Body Brussels $2.25; Velvet $2 50; 3-Ply, all-wool, $1 60; 2-Ply, Ingrain, $1 25 to $1 50; 3 Ply $1 50 to $1.75.

apr13 2mos

Howe & Hubbell,

Successors to Hubbell, Swasey & Co.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUROS,

Nos. 23, 25 and 27 Sycamore Street,

Cincinnati.....Ohio.

apr15-d6m

C. M. BUCHANAN. L. LABOITEAUX.

BUCHANAN & CO.,

WHOLESALE

LIQUOR DEALERS,

Nos. 9 and 12 Public Landing,

Cincinnati, - - Ohio.

Proprietors of the celebrated brands of Wilshire and Orange Grove Whiskies.

apr17-d6m

TO THE MERCHANTS OF ATLANTA.

The Atlantic and Gulf

FREIGHT AND PASSENGER

LINE!

STARTING from Savannah, connects at Jesup with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad, at Macon with the Macon and Western Railroad, and at Atlanta with the various Roads diverging from this city, forming an unbroken line from the seaboard to all points in Middle and Upper Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Tennessee.

☞ EXPRESS FREIGHT TRAINS RUN THROUGH DAILY FROM SAVANNAH. ☜

NO BREAKAGE OF BULK.

Through rates given and Bills of Lading signed from Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Savannah, at the very lowest published rates. If Quick Time, Low Rates, and Prompt Settlements for loss or damage occurring on the line, constitute a claim to your patronage, then instruct your correspondents to ship "Care of Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Agent, Savannah, Ga." Call on Mr. B. F. CLARK, Agent of the Macon and Western Railroad, for the latest published Tariff of Rates and Classification of Freights, to Atlanta.

The General Agent cordially invites his Atlanta friends, who may visit New York, to call at the office of the Line—they will find a desk at their service and Atlanta papers on file.

C. D. OWENS, Gen'l Ag't,
229 Broadway, cor. Barclay st.
Post-office address, Box 6066.
New York, February 1, 1870.

jan31-tf

THE WORLD'S WONDER.

DR. ABBETT'S ANTI-DYSPEPTIC

—OR—

LIVER MEDICINE

A SAFE and certain cure for all kinds of Liver Complaints, and all diseases and indispositions that originate from a diseased state or inactivity of the Liver, such as

Chronic and Acute Inflammations of the Liver,

Dyspepsia, Sick Headache,

Sourness of the Stomach,

Loss of Appetite,

Lowliness of Spirits, Colic,

Costiveness, Fever, Ague,

Bilious Fever, Dropsy and Jaundice,

These Medicines are purely Vegetable, and perfectly harmless; but their efficacy is too permanently established in all the Southern and Western States to require any further recommendations. The wise will not fail to give them a fair trial—this is all that is asked.

LAGRANGE, GA., DEC. 3, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER, West Point, Ga. Gentlemen: Having witnessed almost daily, for the last fifteen years, the great efficacy of the preparation you are now putting up, known as "Abbett's Medicine," it affords me pleasure to state that I know of no combinations or preparation equal to it in the treatment of Liver Diseases of whatever character, and would cordially recommend it to all who are suffering from derangement of the Liver, and especially the Dyspeptic.

I am, very respectfully,
T. S. BRADFIELD, Druggist.

WEST POINT, GA., OCT. 15, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER: Gentlemen—I can honestly and confidently recommend L. B. Abbett's Liver or Dyspeptic Medicine, as prepared by you, to the favorable notice of the suffering public. Having used this Medicine myself in my family for twenty years, I can highly recommend it for removing pain or flatulency from the stomach, caused by indigestion. It also has a happy effect in removing constipation of the bowels. I believe it to be the best universal remedy the world has yet discovered for the above named diseases. With my best wishes to you in introducing this valuable Medicine to the public, I remain, Yours, truly, A. K. KENDRICK.

PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO., Wholesale Druggists, General Agents, Atlanta, Ga.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.

CRAWFORD & WALKER, Prop'rs, nov21-dly West Point, Ga.

LIPPMAN'S

GREAT

GERMAN BITTERS,

TONIC, INVIGORANT,

—AND—

PALATABLE STIMULANT.

BY far the best and purest preparation in the world for Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Liver Complaint; a sure preventive for Fever and Ague, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers.

LIPPMANN'S

Great German Bitters,

Are a Medicinal Cordial, possessing powerful alterative, anti-bilious and invigorating properties, that can be taken by old or young, male or female, with beneficial results.

FOR FEMALES,

LIPPMAN'S BITTERS are invaluable. They build up the system, bring health and bloom to the cheek of the invalids. As a remedy for nervous wakefulness, to which females are especially subject, they are fast superseding all other stimulants.

LIPPMAN'S

Great German Bitters,

Are a Cordial for the aged, and a sure protection against malarious diseases. Persons living in the supposed malarious climates will find these Bitters a valuable remedy; a small dose taken occasionally, will prevent many day's and, perhaps week's of sickness.

No license at all necessary to sell these Bitters.

SAVANNAH, GA., March 16, 1870.

MESSRS. JACOB LIPPMAN & BRO., Savannah, Ga.:

GENTS: I have before me your esteemed letter of the 14th instant, containing various documents relative to your "German Bitters." After a careful examination, I must confess that your Bitters is really what you represent it to be, an old German recipe of Dr. Mitscherlich, of Berlin, Prussia. It will, undoubtedly, be excellent for Dyspepsia, general debility and nervous diseases, and it is a good preventive of Chills and Fevers. I find it to be the most delightful and pleasant stomachic.

I remain, yours truly,
[Signed] AUG. P. WETTER.

KIRKLAND MILLS, GA., March 22, 1870.

MESSRS. JACOB LIPPMAN & BRO., Druggists, Savannah, GA.:

GENTLEMEN: I have introduced your Great German Bitters here, to my customers and friends, and I find a better sale for them than any I have ever kept before. Those who have tried them, approve of them very highly, and I do not hesitate in saying that they are far superior in value to any other Bitters now in use.

Yours, respectfully,
[Signed] W. KIRKLAND.

LIPPMAN'S

Great German Bitters,

Are sold by

DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS GENERALLY,

And are prepared in the Laboratory of the

WHOLESALE DRUG HOUSE

—OF—

Jacob Lippman & Bro.,

SAVANNAH, GA.

B. F. WYLY, Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

may15-dly

Agents Wanted Everywhere.

AGENTS can make from $25 to $100 per week in selling Gong Door Bells for Dwellings. Address, J. F. HAYS, may26-d1w Atlanta, Ga.

Wide Awake! Wide Awake!

TO THE CITIZENS OF ATLANTA.

WE are now prepared to make BOOTS and SHOES of all descriptions, to order. If you want Patent Leather, Cork-soles, Box-toed, Water-proof, Light stitch or Pumps of the finest French Calskin, we can furnish them to you at short notice and warrant the fit. The soles are made of the finest English Sole Leather and Fancy Gaiters of all descriptions made for gentlemen in the most approved style. Call and see us at our Shop, on Pryor street, in front of the Theatre, if you want the finest and best fitting Boots in the city.

WANTED—Five first-class Boot Makers. None others need apply. C. HUGHES & SON.

apr5— jan28-dly

NOTICE.

THI

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.
THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.
DEFIES REFUTATION
BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.
I. W. AVERY, Editor.
MORNING EDITION.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JUNE 2.

Supreme Court Decisions.

A few pamphlets left of the above. Lawyers, send in your orders to this office.

☞ Parisian belles wear strings of silver bells about their necks.

☞ The cutest argument for feminine superiority comes from a Miss Ada Bowles, who urges man to be less perfect than woman, because he lacks the rib that was used to make her.

The Southern Cultivator for June.

This Agricultural Monthly loses no merit with growth. Its June issue is fully up to its old worth. It is full of valuable matter for the farmer.

Query.

How much would Governor Bullock be willing to be abused to get hold of our $25,000.

The Comfort of Good Duds.

The Chicago woman who felt better for wearing good clothes than for going to church, is outdone by the young lady who has thus forcibly expressed herself. She says: "In walking up a long room when the women who don't like you are looking at your back, there is a moral support conveyed by a Paris dress not to be derived from the firmest religious principles."

Sambo Going Back on His Religion.

If emancipation and enfranchisement have done a great deal towards the political elevation of the colored population of the South, it seems that the same cannot be said in regard to his religious advancement. It appears from recent investigation that the Southern Methodist Church is rapidly losing its colored membership, there being but about nineteen thousand members this year, against thirty-two thousand last year. How can this be accounted for?—*New York Herald.*

The XIXth Century for June.

This worthy Southern periodical is on our table, and keeps up its high standard of excellence. The June number is a very fine one. The table of contents is varied and interesting. The magazine is published at Charleston, South Carolina, by the XIXth Century Publishing Company, C. E. Chichester, Business Manager.

The heavy article is a very striking one on the "Negro." The tales are vigorous and original. The editorial is racy and readable.

We will furnish the XIXth Century, in connection with THE DAILY CONSTITUTION, for $13 a year, or with the WEEKLY for $6.

The Athens Homicide.

The Athens Watchman gives the particulars of the killing of Wm. H. Puryear by his son-in-law, Wm. H. Jones: At the examination, which took place before Esquire Barton, it appeared in evidence that after having had an altercation, Puryear found Jones in a small room and advanced upon him with a chair in a threatening manner. As there was no means of retreat, Jones seized a loaded rifle and warned Puryear not to advance. The warning being neglected, Jones discharged the gun, shooting him through the head, of which wound he died instantly. Puryear was drinking, and had been abusing his family and Mrs. Jones.

Jones surrendered himself immediately, but was not committed on account of insufficient evidence.

The Fenians.

The O'Neill Fenian movement is about done. O'Neill is deeply chagrinned at the suspicions upon his good faith, and denies them. But the men are bitter against him.

The whole out-cry is against the leaders who have mismanaged the affair. There is a general feeling of sympathy for the men. A round sum has been raised by private contribution, from the poor Irishmen of the country, for this movement, and it is believed that this miserable fiasco was necessary to account for the squandered money.

Among the humorous incidents of the affair is the following note from a Canadian officer to General Gleason, one of the Fenian leaders. It has created much of a laugh at Gleason's expense:

OTTAWA, May 28.—General Gleason, Malone: How are you off for soap? There is a potato and red-herring ready for you here; come on.

[Signed.] R. LANG.

Voter Factory.

The following communication from an Illinois woman knocks pretty hard the woman suffrage roosters. She takes a sensible view of matters:

I just don't believe in these new women notions. I have raised six boys—four of them vote now, and the others will soon be old enough. Then I will have six votes. Now these good-for-nothing women who have fooled their time away and never raised a single boy, come around and want every woman to vote for herself. I don't believe in such nonsense. I have raised my six boys, and I am going to have every one to vote for me. These women who go lecturing around the country, instead of raising boys, have no business to vote anyway. And when they say that they are just as good as I am, and have a right to vote themselves, if they have no boys to do so for them, it is not true. If they are just as smart as I am, why did they not raise some boys to vote for them? I tell you I do not intend to be cheated out of six votes by any such good-for-nothing folks. I guess that the world would come to a pretty pass in a mighty short time if the women all took to going around lecturing on women's rights instead of raising boys.

Steam-Plowing in Louisiana.

A twenty-horse power steam-plowing tackle breaks up twenty inches and subsoils twenty-four inches.

The first forty acres of steam-plowed lands, which were broken up in the spring of 1868 and planted in corn and peas, and sugar came in the fall of the same year, gave a yield of 100,000 pounds dry sugar, being over 2,500 pounds, or two and one-half hogsheads of sugar to the acre. On other steam-plowed lands, planted the following spring in cane, the result has been nearly as satisfactory, and this too during a season more unpropitious for the yield of sugar than any known for the last twenty-five years. Many fields where the stand of cane was equally as good, but cultivated only with horse-power, and receiving much more labor and attention than the steam-plowed lands, did not produce more than 1,500 pounds, or one and one-half hogsheads to the acre. Therefore, experience fully justifies stating that the yield of cane upon the steam-plowed and steam-cultivated lands, and with *less than half the labor*, will be *fifty per cent.* greater than can possibly be obtained by any other system of cultivation. The advantages which will be derived from the application of steam to the cultivation of the soil, in our rich and inexhaustible lands in the valley of the Mississippi, and the vast prairies of the West, so admirably adapted to steam cultivation, is not now within the reach of the human mind to calculate.

The prejudices against steam-cultivating machinery may yet, for a time, retard its general use on this continent; but the scarcity of, and rapidly increasing demand for labor, now so sensibly felt in every section of our country, can only be supplied by the introduction into general use of the steam plow. It will supersede the necessity of the introduction of Chinese labor. We will then be able to supply the world with cotton, bread and meat. There is no country so admirably adapted to steam cultivation as ours; and the day is not far distant when the smoke of the steam plow will ever be in sight of the millions of freemen who will then cultivate and inhabit our vast agricultural continent.

A Thought for German and Irish Citizens.

The Philadelphia Age fairly draws two sides of a picture which it would be well for our German and Irish citizens to contemplate. The Germans of the great West are already nobly liberating themselves from Radical misrule and party chicanery, and are demanding their rights as white men in a free country, and our naturalized citizens in the South will not be slow in following their example.

The Radicals have repudiated the Germans and Irish and taken negroes to their arms, and thus the line is fairly drawn. On the one side is the Democratic party, for white men, white suffrage, honest officers, low taxes and sound currency. On the other, the Radical party, for negro equality, proscription on account of pure nationality, corrupt officials, high taxes and a currency which robs the poor man to make more affluent the rich. One or the other of these roads must be traveled by all white men of this country.

The Washington Chronicle and Governor Bullock.

For the edification of the organ, we reproduce a neat, well-executed summary of the part played in the Georgia matter by the Washington Chronicle. As it comes from high Radical authority, the Chicago Tribune, the most influential Republican journal in the great Northwest, we hope it won't hurt the organ's feelings, and doubt not that its political orthodoxy will be admitted. No heretical Democratic Ku-Klux fathers this tidy and taking synopsis of the matter. It is no political bastard, but is legitimate in the highest degree:

This is the exhibit made by the testimony. The inference is that *the Chronicle was to manufacture public opinion for Governor Bullock, and to be paid for it.* The attempt to patch up an account for work done, to cover the amount of money drawn from the Georgians, was a weak device, and it failed at the first question. Forney's refusal to show his books; his previous preparation of a statement purporting to be a faithful copy; the enforced production of the books, and the disclosure of their alteration, exhibit *a state of facts utterly disgraceful to journalism.* In the light of these disclosures, the thrilling editorials pointing out the masterly statesmanship, logical force, and the pure Republicanism of the speeches which were published at 25 cents a line, were very flat in the first place, and must now seem still more so to the Senators whose speeches were thus presented. *The unusual patriotism of the Chronicle in the matter of the Georgia bill; the fervid zeal it exhibited in protecting the rights and interests of the loyal people of that State; the burning eloquence with which it annihilated the Edmundses, the Carpenters, the Trumbulls, and the Ferrys, it now appears cost 25x50 cents per line, or in all $3,508 50.*

But that is not the worst of it. The alteration of the books, and the preparation of false statements, show that *Mr. Forney was ashamed of what he had done, and sought to conceal the facts.* He must have known, when he was summoned before the committee, that he would be required to tell what he got the money for. Being required to tell that he had charged Governor Bullock for printing the speeches of Senators Morton and Thayer, and Representatives Whittemore, Butler, etc., it was a piece of gratuitous folly to make false entries in his books, for it could make no difference, so far as the principle was concerned, whether he charged twenty-five cents or twenty-five dollars a line. Probably the committee and the public would have entertained more respect for him if he had told them openly that he had charged the latter price.

The "Sleeping Beauty" of Tennessee—A Remarkable Case.

A correspondent of the Louisville Commercial, writing from Union City, Tennessee, gives the following interesting particulars of the celebrated "Sleeping Beauty," of Tennessee, whom he recently visited:

So much has already been written in regard to the lady known here as the "Sleeping Beauty," that I can scarcely hope to give you anything new, but will add my testimony to that already given, and make you a plain statement of facts as I know them from her mother, brother and friends who now have her in charge in the same house in which I am stopping, and from which I am now writing to you. Miss Susan Caroline Godsay was born in Obion county, Tennessee, and within ten miles of this city, of poor but respectable parents. Her father has been dead for over twelve years. Her mother still lives and watches over her loved child, and the sunken eyes and furrowed brow show very plainly the trials and sorrows she has experienced in her duty for twenty-one years. She is very poor, and, to some extent, dependent upon the contributions of visitors to take care of and procure proper supplies for her charge.

Miss Godsay was taken sick when about four years of age, with what was supposed to be chills and fever, but which baffled the skill of nurses and physicians for more than two years, at which time she fell into a nervous sleep, from which she has not awoke since for a longer time than twelve minutes. She usually sleeps soundly from eleven o'clock at night until about six in the morning, and through the day awakes about once an hour. Her waking spells are never of less than four nor more than twelve, but usually about six minutes duration. In her waking moments she speaks both pleasantly and intelligently, answers promptly any questions asked her, and appears quite happy and contented.

One of the strangest points of this strange case is the seemingly total absence of anything like respiration. A piece of the finest polished glass held to her lips fails to disclose the slightest trace of breath. Her pulse is perfectly still, and but for a nervous or tremulous motion of the body, which never ceases, you might at any time call her dead. She has grown during her affliction from a little child to about the average height of her sex, and weighs ninety-six pounds, and although her body and hands show her very poor in flesh, her face is full and smooth, and her features well developed. Indeed, such a rare style do her features portray that she is not inappropriately called the Sleeping Beauty of Tennessee.

HACK.

The Ice Machine.

The following is an interesting description of the machine extensively used in New Orleans for the manufacture of ice:

A tin cylinder on trunnions so as to revolve is jacketed with felt; within is placed another tin, with tubes of different sizes, looking like a candle-mold. These tubes are filled with water; in the space around them is placed water and the salts of ammonia. A cap or lid is fitted tight, and the whole revolved ten minutes. Upon removing the lid the water on the inside of the molds is frozen in a tubular film. By slipping the smaller into the larger a cylinder of ice is formed. The water containing ammonia is evaporated, and the salt, when dry, may be used again and again. Ice is formed on a large scale by this process. But a revolving cask, with the tubes, etc., can be fitted up by a tinner, and painted, at a cost of $5 00, and a few pounds of ammoniacal salts will last a family a season.

Georgia News.

Monroe county boasts of splendid cotton.

It is proposed to have water-works in Macon at an early day.

A lodge of Good Templars is to be organized at Mt. Zion, Monroe county.

The wife of Colonel William H. Sparks died in Griffin on Tuesday.

Tom Stevens, colored, charged with murdering Paul Chisolm, in Macon, last March, has been aquitted by the Superior Court at Macon.

The Monroe County Superior Court, which convenes next Monday, will probably be in session ten days.

The contract for the building of the Armory Factory, by the Armory Manufacturing Company, has been approved by the City Council of Macon, and the works will be pushed forward rapidly.

Atlanta sells annually, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars worth of native gold dug from the mines of Carroll, Paulding, Lumpkin, White, Hall, Rabun, Towns, Union, Cherokee, Forsyth, Habersham, Franklin, Pickens, Gilmer, Murray, Fannin, and a part of Cobb, and other counties.

The Latest News.

The Red River expedition is going on smoothly.

A great fire near Fort Williams, Canada, has devastated the country for thirty miles. The inhabitants took shelter in the mines.

It is estimated that the sum total of receipts for United States internal revenue for the present fiscal year, will reach $175,000,000.

A rumored change in the Directorship General of the French Post-office Department, makes it probable that successful efforts can soon be made for a postal treaty between France and the United States.

A Presbyterian church has been organized in Madrid, Spain.

The Church Weekly, the organ of the advanced Ritualists in the Episcopal Church, in its last number, advocates the sacramental character of matrimony, confirmation and ordination.

At the decoration of Confederate soldiers' graves at Chattanooga, last Sunday, large numbers of Northern men and Federal soldiers participated, and on Monday during the decoration of the Federal dead, one half of the three thousand persons present at the ceremony, one-half were ex-Confederate soldiers.

Wind-mills for drainage purposes are being erected near Wilmington, North Carolina, on rice lands.

The rumor that Colonel Mosby, the ex-Confederate cavalier, was mixed up in the late Fenian muddle is false. He is attending to his business in Warrenton, Virginia.

The rumored trouble in the Richmond post-office is a canard.

The Protestant Episcopal Convention of Maryland, on Thursday, rejected the proposed amendment to the Diocesan Constitution, admitting laymen to the standing committee.

The Canadians, at the Pigeon Hill fight, captured a cannon from the Fenians on American soil.

A party of one hundred Swedish immigrants passed through Chattanooga on the 29th ultimo, on their way to Mississippi to work on the Mississippi Central Railroad.

A law has been drafted in the Spanish Cortes providing for the gradual extinction of slavery throughout the colonies of Spain. It will probably pass.

Food for Farmers.

The New England Farmer gives the following as a remedy for film on an animal's eye: Pound and rub alum into a powder, making it as fine as flour. Fill a common goose quill partly full with it, and from that blow it into the eye. But if the eye is bruised by a blow, that is another matter, and the alum would probably do no good.

SUBSTITUTE FOR MANURE.—The following recipe for raising potatoes is worth the price of any paper for one year to a farmer who is short of manure. It is as good as the super-phosphate of lime, and will not cost half as much. It has been tried two years, and is good on dry land: Take one cask of lime and slake it with water, and then stir in one bushel fine salt, and then mix in loam or ashes enough that it will not become mortar; it will make about five barrels. Put half a pint in a hill at planting. All manures containing potash are particularly suitable for the potato. Ashes contain more than any other natural fertilizer, and should be freely used and carefully saved. Any farmer seeing the analysis of the ashes of potatoes can readily imagine what fertilizers produce the greatest effect, and what the plant most needs.

About Railroads.

The surveyors of the Chicago, Danville and Vincennes railroad have finally completed the location of that road.

The Western Union road has concluded, under certain contingencies, to construct a bridge across the Mississippi at Savanna to Sabula, so that trains can go from Dubuque to Milwaukee without change of cars.

Track is laid on the St. Louis and Indianapolis Railroad a distance of ten miles east of Greencastle, and about two miles east of Danville, leaving a gap of only about seven miles remaining to complete the road from the former place to Indianapolis.

It is said that the railroad lobbyists in Washington have not less than 10,000,000 of acres of the public lands in chancery, and will pocket them if their scheme can be crowded through Congress; and this exclusive of grants to States for educational and other purposes. The estimate is a moderate one.

The commission of Russian engineers who lately visited England for the purpose of seeing Mr. Fairlie's narrow-gauge railway plan, and the Festiniog railway where his engines are at work, have, according to the Iron and Coal Trades Review, reported strongly in favor of the system. They recommend it to be adopted for a portion of the railway between St. Petersburgh and Moscow, and estimate the cost of construction at about £4,500 per mile.

The New York Central Railroad has, among its other appointments for public convenience, a special car designed for the transportation of valuable horses. Its interior is divided into two box-stalls, fixed up with all the appointments necessary to complete equine luxury. This car is attached only to express trains for the accommodation of horsemen able to pay for the safe and speedy transportation of their pets.

FUNNY BETTING.

Melting of Rival Chunks of Ice for the Championship.

The story of Jim Smiley's frog illustrates a mania for betting in California that makes the most trifling incidents occasions for displaying itself. On the 6th instant, there was an ice match at Marysville to test the relative virtues of two specimens of ice, one from Little Grass Valley, the other from the Summit. Both blocks, weighing each 131 pounds, were placed in the sun, with even chances, the mercury making 90 degrees in the shade. "The Summit chunk," says the report, "was broad and rather flat, while the Grass Valley specimen was longer, and sat on one end." Toward noon, as the match became hot, and streams of water trickled down the faces of the antagonists, "there was great excitement among the friends of the respective chunks," and bets ranged from $2 50 to $100. The Summit chunk began to have the best of it; Grass Valley showed deep furrows, and "came up groggy," while Summit took the matter coolly, and seemed confident of victory. About the middle of the afternoon the friends of Grass Valley threw up the sponge, and went to betting on how long Summit would last. It grew dark before the cake was melted, and the match against time had to be continued by the light of lanterns. Summit beat Grass Valley four hours and fifty-five minutes, about $1,500 changing hands on the result.—*San Francisco Paper.*

THE NEW METHODIST BISHOP.—We find in an exchange the following description of Dr. Keener, the recently elected Bishop of the Methodist Church:

"The bishop elect is about fifty years of age, and is a member of the Louisiana Conference, and has been for many years connected with the interests of his church in the city of New Orleans. He has been, in addition to being Presiding Elder of the New Orleans District, editor of the New Orleans Christian Advocate. He is a graceful and forcible writer, a man of much experience with men and things. Has traveled extensively both in this and the old world, and is perfectly conversant with the usages of his church. Rather dogmatic and austere in demeanor, but clear in judgment and safe in counsel."

The New Religious Sect in Boston.

A new religious sect has arisen in Boston, the members of which call themselves "Bible Christians." They think they have an insight as to the meaning of the Bible that has been given to none before them, and from this they have learned the mistake that has been made in the observance of the Lord's day. A converted Methodist minister preaches to them. He and they hold that he is a prophet of the latter days, and they point to a verse in Malachi in which his coming is foretold. The Lord has them in special care, as they believe, and they need take no thought for to-morrow as regards worldly matters. The whole Christian world is soon to join them, and this year, they say, will hardly pass before that result is made manifest. Holding these views, a teacher in one of the public schools—said to be a most estimable, practical and sensible lady, of several years of service in her profession—has resigned because of conscientious scruples as to teaching on Saturday. This new sect appears in this particular to tread on the heels of Judaism.

List of Census-Takers in Georgia.

We are indebted to the United States Marshal for Georgia, Major Smyth, for the following copy of a list of the Census-Takers for this State, for which we feel under obligations to that efficient officer. The list embraces the counties, cities, names, and Post-office address of each of the appointees to perform the responsible duty to which they have been assigned:

Appling—John Overstreet, Holmesville.
Baker—D. L. Parker, Newton.
Baldwin—W. M. Gray, Milledgeville.
Banks—W. T. Martin, Nails Creek.
Bartow—Aaron Collins, Cartersville.
Berrien—E. C. Morgan, Nashville.
Bibb—
City of Macon—S. M. Nealon, Macon.
Brooks—E. R. Harden, Quitman.
Bryan—A. E. Porter, McIntosh.
Bullock—M. Driggers, Eden P. O.
Burke—R. H. Kirk, Waynesboro.
Butts—W. H. Whitehead, Indian Springs.
Calhoun—J. H. Griffin, Morgan.
Camden, } H. L. Hillyer, Berne.
Charlton. }
Campbell—John C. Bowden, Powder Springs.
Carroll—George W. Merrell, Carrollton.
Catoosa—C. S. Evans, Ringgold.
Chatham—J. C. Blance, Savannah.
City of Savannah—A. Leers, Savannah; H. J. Macdonald, Savannah; Phillip Carroll, Savannah.
Chattahoochee—E. G. Raiford, Cusseta.
Chattooga—W. Shropshire, Dirt Town.
Cherokee—Isaac Ingram, Canton.
Clarke—J. W. Johnson, Watkinsville.
Clay—J. L. Bankston, Fort Gaines.
Clayton—W. C. Leak, Jonesboro.
Clinch—J. H. Mattox, Homerville.
Cobb—J. C. Bell, Atlanta.
Coffee—R. Pafford, Homerville.
Columbia—W. S. Mayfield, Clay Hill.
Coliquitt—
Coweta—J. P. Rapier, Grantville.
Crawford—B. C. Bailey, Fort Valley.
Dade—G. Stephens, Sulphur Springs.
Dawson—A. M. Bishop, Dawsonville.
Decatur—J. W. Helmes, Bainbridge.
DeKalb—J. Walker, Decatur.
Dooly—S. P. Odom, Drayton.
Dougherty—C. W. Arnold, Albany.
Early—J. W. Perry, Blakely.
Echols—L. H. Roberts, Statenville.
Effingham—L. T. Elkins, Guyton.
Elbert—W. H. Edwards, Elberton.
Emanuel—D. C. Cowart, Canoochee.
Fannin—J. P. Dickey, Morgantown.
Fayette—R. F. Milner, Fayetteville.
Floyd—A. W. Caldwell, Rome.
Forsyth—T. D. Irish, Cumming.
Franklin—W. G. Alexander, Bold Spring.
Fulton—Henry Martin, Atlanta; George B. Chamberlin, Atlanta; Joseph S. Smith, Atlanta.
Gilmer—L. M. Greer, Elijay.
Glascock—W. W. Neal, Gibson.
Glynn—H. C. Clark, Brunswick.
Gordon—F. C. Wilson, Calhoun.
Green—G. N. Roswell, Penfield.
Gwinnett—P. F. Jones, Picknneyville.
Habersham—J. M. Church, Clarkesville.
Hall—John T. Wilson, Gainesville.
Hancock—E. R. Andrews, Barnett.
Haralson—W. D. F. Mann, Tallapoosa.
Harris—J. M. Hudson, Hamilton.
Hart—M. Cheek, Bowersville.
Heard—W. Wilson, Franklin.
Henry—J. D. Fyle, McDonough.
Houston—S. Hunt, Perry.
Irwin—J. Fleacher, Fort Irwinville.
Jackson—A. P. Cagle, Jefferson.
Jasper—L. E. George, Shady Dale.
Jefferson—S. Z. Murphy, Bethany.
Johnson—T. A. Parsons, Cottage Grove.
Jones—J. B. Deveaux, Clinton.
Laurens—B. A. Herndon, Dublin.
Lee—Patrick Asken, Renwick.
Liberty—C. R. Holcombe, Hinesville.
Lincoln—W. S. Boyd, Clay Hill.
Lowndes—C. O. Force, Valdosta.
Lumpkin—M. R. Archer, Dahlonega.
Macon—J. H. Jones, Oglethorpe.
Madison—G. Nash, Danielsville.
Marion—L. W. Hall, Tazewell.
McIntosh—E. E. Howard, Darien.
Merriwether—J. M. Smith, Grantville.
Miller—C. T. Bangham, Colquitt.
Milton—E. J. Maddox, Alpharetta.
Mitchell—E. M. Burtz, Camilla.
Monroe—I. W. Ensign, Forsyth.
Montgomery—J. A. Morris, Mount Vernon.
Morgan—L. M. Wilson, Madison.
Murray—R. M. Rembert, Spring Place.
Muscogee—R. A. Monroe, Columbus.
City of Columbus—Thomas Grier, Columbus.
Newton—T. A. Walker, Covington.
Oglethorpe—J. H. Brightwell, Maxeys.
Paulding—E. M. Carter, Dallas.
Pickens—W. McHan, Jasper.
Pierce—
Pike—M. Cooper, Griffin.
Polk—W. C. Barber, Van Wert.
Pulaski—N. H. Mobley, Hawkinsville.
Putnam—T. F. Cowles, Eatonton.
Quitman—J. E. Smith, Hatcher Station.
Rabun—J. Wellborn, Clayton.
Randolph—D. C. Bancroft, Cuthbert.
Richmond—John Reynolds, Augusta.
City of Augusta—David Porter, Geo. M. Hood, Augusta.
Schley—W. H. Scoville, Ellaville.
Screven—W. H. Best, Halcyondale.
Spalding—Thomas S. Allen, Griffin.
Stewart—W. H. Cossman, Lumpkin.
Sumter—J. J. Hales, Americus.
Talbot—R. D. Maund, Geneva.
Taliaferro—W. J. Flynt, Crawfordville.
Tatnall—C. W. Smith, Reedsville.
Taylor—G. L. W. Anthony, Butler.
Telfair—D. Camerson, Jacksonville.
Terrell—L. Bryan, Dawson.
Thomas—F. J. Browning, Thomasville.
Towns—A. J. Burch, Hiawassee.
Troup—J. D. Witham, LaGrange.
Twiggs—J. T. Floyd, Gordon.
Union—John S. Fain, Blairsville.
Upson—C. H. Corbin, Thomaston.
Walker—L. K. Dickey, Frick's Gap.
Walton—W. N. Pendergrass, Monroe.
Ware—J. E. Butler, Glenmore.
Warren—Thomas Holden, Barnett.
Washington—H. A. Cates, Sandersville.
Wayne—S. Mumford, Waynesville.
Webster—B. F. Harrell, Preston.
White—B. A. Quinn, Cleveland.
Whitfield—W. Henderson, Dalton.
Wilcox—E. J. H. Dunn, House Creek.
Wilkes—John F. Andrews, Washington.
Wilkinson—M. A. Wood, Gordon.
Worth—W. J. Ford, Isabella.

Feminine.

Breakfast-caps for ladies are once more fashionable.

Anna Dickinson's next lecture will be on Joan of Arc.

Patti has an incompatibility of temper with Caux.

Parepa-Rosa has purchased a Chicago business property.

A susceptible negress died of fright in Sardis, Mississippi, from seeing the elephant.

Mrs. Fernando Wood has one of the most elegant houses and the most superb diamonds in Washington.

Jenny Lind is so embarrassed in her pecuniary affairs that she thinks of opening a singing school in Paris.

Madame George Sand is reported to be supported by the Empress Eugenie for the next vacancy in the French Academy.

An exchange is audacious enough to declare that "woman's rights" includes the right to electioneer, drink whisky, knock people down, and vote.

It is stated that the Emperor of Russia is about to bestow the order of St. Catherine upon Madame Ollivier, in token of his respect and admiration for her courage in dress reform.

The fashionable shoe for ladies is made seven inches high, with an inch and a half heel, a Spanish instep, arched sole, a movable heel of gilt or silver, with an India rubber tip to deaden the sound; and they cost from $8 to $30 a pair.

Infallibility.

We give below the five canons of the dogma of infallibility:

1. If any one should say that the episcopal chair of the Roman Church is not the true and real infallible chair of Blessed Peter, or that it has not been divinely *chosen by God as the most solid, indefectible,* an I incorruptible rock of the whole Christian Church, let him be anathema.

2. If any one should say that there exists in the world another infallible chair of truth of the Gospel of Christ our Lord, distinct and separate from the chair of Blessed Peter, let him be anathema.

3. If any one should deny that the divine *magisterium* of the chair of Blessed Peter is necessary to the true way of eternal salvation for all men, whether unfaithful or faithful, whether laymen or bishops, let him be anathema.

4. If any one should say that each Roman Pontiff, legitimately elected, is not by Divine right the successor of Blessed Peter, even in the gift of the infallibility of *magisterium,* and should deny to any one of them the prerogative of infallibility for teaching the Church the Word of God pure from all corruption and error, let him be anathema.

5. If any one should say that general councils are established by God in the Church as a power of feeding the Divine flock in the word of faith superior to the Roman Pontiff, or equal to him, or necessary by Divine institution in order that the *magisterium* or the Roman Bishop should be preserved infallible, let him be anathema.

The discussion commenced Saturday, and it is believed will end this month.

THE SOUTH AND HER PROSPERITY.—The American Grocer, which has made some careful calculations, says the amount of value of the Southern crops is conclusive evidence of the rapidly-increasing prosperity of that section of the country. The productions of last year will amount in the aggregate to about $650,000,000, and very nearly in the following productions: Cotton, 5,000,000 bales, $300,000,000; corn, 285,000,000 bushels, $200,000,000; sugar, wheat, tobacco, etc., $150,000,000. Total, $650,000,000. This, with a population of 11,000,000, is an average of nearly $60 per head for the entire population—a good index of the increasing prosperity of the South.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The President goes to Annapolis to-morrow.

Walcott Hamlin, of Maine, has been appointed Supervisor of Revenue, vice Harrison resigned, who had charge of New Jersey.

The Senate resumed Executive session on the Sandwich treaty at half-past one.

Responding to a resolution of inquiry from the Senate, Mayor Bowen places the debt of the city at a million and three-quarters. The last sales of city bonds were made at 80 cents.

Henry A. Budham, Consul General of Tampico, has been confirmed.

Walker R. Wentworth has been appointed Collector of Customs at Tappahannock, Virginia.

The House tax bill was resumed, and a discount of 10 per cent. on stamps for amounts in excess of five hundred dollars was adopted.

The debt statement shows a decrease in the public debt of nearly fourteen and a half millions. Cash in the Treasury, (gold) 106,750,000. Currency, 14,250,000. Sinking Fund, 35,500,000. Bonds purchased 83,000,000.

The President nominated E. P. Smith, of New York, Examiner of Claims in the State Department.

In the course of a discussion in regard to the penalties for washing defaced stamps, Schenck stated that it was the intention of the Committee on Ways and Means to wipe out the whole system of spies and informers, and to allow no more moities.

A Treasury estimate, which was presented during the discussion, shows the following income for next year: From customs, $185,000,000; from internal taxes, $175,000,000; from lands, $5,000,000; from miscellaneous sources, $28,000,000; making a total of $393,000,000. The estimated expenditures were $291,000,000, which would leave a surplus of $102,000,000.

The amendment fixing stamps on checks for any sum at 2 cents, was adopted.

The income tax was finally reached, and the discussion shows an indication of an increase of exemption to $2,000, and continuance of the present rate.

In the Senate, Conkling introduced a joint resolution authorizing the use of a patent arrrangement for making mail matter, and paying for patent.

Petitions were presented for the organization of an International Secretary for the promotion of immigration and against the income tax.

The reconstruction of judicial circuits was resumed. The transfer of Virginia from the 3d to the 5th, Tennessee from the 5th to the 4th circuits, was debated and lost—23 to 35.

Drake offered an amendment to correct what he held to be an illegal and improper designation in the act of 1866, by virtue of which the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States wrongfully assumed in the impeachment trial—the title of Chief Justice of the United States, when there was no such office agreed to.

In Executive session, the bill finally passed.

The bill to change Judicial Circuits, as passed the Senate, constitutes various Circuits, as follows:

1st. Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut. 2d. New York. 3d. New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland and Virginia. 4th. Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas and Arkansas. 5th. North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama and Tennessee. 6th. Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky and West Virginia. 7th. Illinois, Indiana and Wisconsin. 8th. Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and Missouri. 9th. California, Oregon and Nevada. The Supreme Court Justices' except the Chief Justice, are required to reside in their respective Circuits, and Chief Justice is to be known as Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States.

Presbyterian Assembly.

PHILADELPHIA, June 1.—The Presbyterian Assembly heard the delegates appointed to visit the Assembly at Louisville. The delegates presented a communication from the Southern Assembly in reply to the overtures, which states that the Southern church don't approve of union with the Northern church because of its total surrender of fundamental doctrines and embraces all shades of belief. The Southern church is the only heir of the true but failing testimonies, and there are impossible barriers to official intercourse between the two churches.

The delegation bringing the communication also submitted their report showing what action had been taken at Louisville.

Several representatives then present made speeches, showing what spirit the Southern Assembly had been, and what was thought to be the opinion of the Southern church.

The report was received and the committee discharged.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 1.—The Democratic State Convention has assembled, and A. J. Collan is temporary chairman.

CONCORD, June 1.—The Legislature of New Hampshire has been organized. S. M. Wheeler, Speaker of the House, and N. Gordon President of the Senate.

NIGHT DISPATCHES.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The Senate rejected the Sandwich Islands Reciprocity Treaty by a vote of 21 to 19. Quite a number of Senators paired off. The defeat, however, was signal, as two-thirds are required.

Red Cloud is here with a large delegation of wild Indians. So far nothing has been done. The Indians are more disposed to listen than to talk. They are a wild and uncouth set.

The Reconstruction Committee meets to-morrow night, when Georgia and Tennessee will be disposed of, so far as the committee are concerned. They seem indisposed to grapple with the subject, and for the past two weeks they have had no quorum, though the Republican members always make one.

NEW YORK, June 1.—A few disaffected stockholders of the East India Company have elected a new board of directors, and propose to displace the present management.

The operators of the French cable have all been disbarged, in consequence of the removal of the office to the Western Union Telegraph buildings.

Timothy O'Maher, for fifty years chief clerk in the commissary department at West Point, is dead, aged 73.

FOREIGN.

GENEVA, June 1.—The Swiss government has taken active measures to prevent the departure of a large number of Italian refugees, who are gathered on the border. A few eluded the authorities near Como, and entered Lombardy. Troops are in pursuit.

ST. ALBANS, June 1.—The Federal soldiers have departed.

General Donnally is slowly recovering from his wounds, but is still under arrest.

PARIS, June 1.—It is reported again that Prevost Paradal has been appointed Minister from France to the United States.

LONDON, June 1.—Mr. Joy, the American Minister to Austria, visited the Foreign office here to-day.

The Shipping and Mercantile Gazette fears that the Southern States are planting too much cotton and too little grain, and apprehends bad results.

Disraeli has recovered from his illness. He dined with Mr. Motley last night.

Rev. Dr. Grant, the Catholic Bishop of Southwark, is dead.

ATHENS, June 1.—Ex-Prime Minister, Santzos, was before the Court of Enquiry to-day, and interrogated in regard to the recent massacre.

LONDON, June 1.—Lord Falmouth's horse, King Craft, won the Derby stake at Epsom. Crawford's brown colt, Palmerston, won the second stake.

Cyrus Redding, an author, died to-day, aged 85.

The weather is unsettled.

The mail steamer from Rio Janeiro, reports the cotton and sugar crops promising and in excellent condition.

PARIS, June 1.—It is stated that the Emperor goes to Munich in July.

All the alleged regicides, except twelve, will be discharged.

The Prince Imperial, it is said, will soon be affianced.

BERLIN, June 1.—King William and Bismarck are at Enis.

HYMENEAL.

KRIES—BEERMAN—Married, by Justice Spencer, MICHAEL KRIES and Mrs. ALVINA BEERMAN, at the residence of the latter, on Mitchell Street, on Tuesday evening, at 8½ o'clock, May 31, 1870.

New Advertisements.

White Cliff Mineral Springs,
EAST TENNESSEE.

THESE SPRINGS are situated on Chilhowie Mountain, sixteen miles from M disonville, same distance from Athens, Tennessee. They are located at an elevation of about 1,200 feet above Conasauga Valley, in a pure, dry atmosphere, affording an extensive and beautiful view of the surrounding country.

There are three Springs in close proximity—two of which are tonic, diuretic and alterative, and have proved very efficacious in relieving diseases of the

Liver, Kidneys, and Stomach,

And have acted as a sovereign remedy in

CHLORISIS AND DYSMENORRHEA.

The other Spring possessing properties that have proved very beneficial in scrofulous affections of the skin, and

Chronic Diseases of the Eye.

The Company have erected a commodious hotel and leased the same, which will be ready for the reception of guests by the 15th of June.

Hacks will run regularly from Athens, Tennessee, (16 miles), to the Springs. Those wishing to stop off at Sweetwater, will also find conveyance via Madisonville.

RATES.

Board, per day	$1 50
Board, and Lodging, per day	2 00
Board, per week	8 00
Board, per month	28 00

JOS. A. PEEK, Proprietor.
Jalappa, Tenn., May 26, 1870 — june3-d3t.

ATTENTION, CITY TAX-PAYERS!

THE BOOKS for receiving the Returns of Real Estate in the City of Atlanta, are now opened. I can be found in my office at the City Hall, (the same that is occupied by the City Marshal,) each day (Sundays excepted) from 8 A. M., till 12 M., and from 2 P. M., to 6 P. M. All are requested to come forward at once and attend to this matter.

FRANK T. RYAN,
City Tax Collector and Receiver.
Atlanta, June 2, 1870 — d1w

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

McDonough Street Cottage.

I WILL SELL, upon the premises, at precisely ten o'clock, A. M., WEDNESDAY, 8th of June, an

Eight Room Cottage,

On a half acre lot—with kitchen, stable, woodshed, fine garden spot, and a large flower yard of choice European flowers. All in perfect condition and tastefully arranged.

The Cottage is on the East side of McDonough Street, in third block South of City Hall, opposite Dr. O'Keefe's former residence.

Terms—Cash.

Also, at the same time and place, a

Handsome Lot of Furniture,

Consisting of a fine Walnut Parlor set of 8 pieces and two Chamber sets of 9 pieces each, with Carpets, Window Shades, etc., Dining Room and Kitchen Furniture, Crockery, Glass-ware, and everything in the housekeeping line; all new, nice and well kept. Also, Garden Tools and a Family Horse.

As the party is leaving the city, the sale will take place without reserve. This is all first-class property.

The Cottage is a delightful residence, on a first-class street, in a No. 1 neighborhood, and will command fine rent.

Remember the day, the place and the terms. Call and examine it before the sale.

G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
No. 38 Alabama street,
june2-d3t — Atlanta, Ga.

N. R. FOWLER, Auctioneer.

Wm

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JUNE 2.

Index to New Advertisements.

PERSONAL.—Dr. M. Bernhardt has arrived in the city.

Major L. Mims, of the firm of J. E. Johnston & Co., of Savannah, was in the city yesterday.

In the testimony given by E. P. Blodgett before the Railroad Investigating Committee, he says he receives $500 per month. It was, through a mistake, printed $800. We make the correction, and ask all papers who have copied our report to please make the proper correction.

THE BULLOCK-ANGIER COMMITTEE.—We are informed by members of the above committee, that the testimony taken before them will be printed in full by the Public Printer, and that the whole will be made public at as early a day as practicable. They declare that there is really no desire on the part of this committee to suppress any of the testimony; but owing to the manner of the investigation, it is due, they think, to all interested, that the entire proceedings should appear at once, when the public can make up their minds by a knowledge of all the facts.

While the committee may feel satisfied with this line of policy, we are confident that the people will not approve it. Why should they pursue a different course from that of the Railroad Committee? Why, of a sudden, this refusal to allow published daily reports? Our reporter informed us that the committee would not agree to a report of their proceedings being published unless the whole proceedings were given, (i. e. of the day.) This we agreed to do, knowing that the people want to know what their servants are doing for their pay of $9 per day.

It had been in our possession but a few moments when J. E. W. Johnson, one of Bullock's secretaries and John L. Conley, Librarian, came to the front door of THE CONSTITUTION office, and called the reporter out. The reporter came back and said that the committee had sent for him and the Journal. We handed it back to him, and, in company with Messrs. Johnson and Conley, the reporter left for the State House. That Journal has never been sent back. Did the committee recede from its agreement? How came these gentlemen to come for the reporter?

Will the committee inform the public who the State Printer is, Dr. Bard having resigned? If the committee considers the New Era the State or Public Printer, will it let the public know who its proprietors are? Perhaps it might throw light upon the sudden reticence sought to be maintained, if the proprietors were known. Let the people have light.

THE INFIRMARY OF DR. W. A. HOOTEN. On yesterday, we visited the Infirmary of Dr. Hooten, situated on Collins street, near the Brewery. The Doctor has been some time in our midst, but being a quiet and unobtrusive gentleman, he is not personally known to the most of our citizens. It is his wish that the citizens should find him out on account of his real merit, rather than to push himself upon them.

We were surprised to see so many patients. They are of both sexes, and all ages, and number about two hundred, thirty of whom board at the Infirmary. It is impossible in our limited space to give the names and history of each case.

There are patients who have been given up as hopeless by celebrated physicians, who are now receiving treatment, and have been really benefitted thereby—some cured perfectly. The Doctor has patients from all the Southern States, and anticipates soon many from the Northern States. We saw several gentlemen and ladies, blind for four or five years, who could now see pretty well, and were in fine spirits. They spoke very highly of Dr. Hooten, and entertained for him feelings of gratitude, such as those only, who have been blind, can feel toward the person who restores their sight.

Four weeks ago, a lady and her son came from Alaoama to the Infirmary perfectly blind, and had been so for several years. Yesterday they returned to their homes rejoicing, their sight restored, not a vestige of disease left, and each having beautiful clear eyes.

We were specially interested in the ladies. They seemed so cheerful and happy, although some were severely afflicted. All had perfect confidence in the skill of the Doctor to cure them.

One beautiful young lady, residing near Dalton, returns home to-day, her eyes nearly restored to their original beauty and brilliance.

Dr. Hooten informs us that he can treat one hundred patients per hour. We saw him treat forty in a short time. The treatment is simple and rapid—the application of a liquid to the eye with a small brush brought across it twice.

The Doctor also informed us that his patients had their own preaching, furnishing their own preacher and congregation. They also have a prayer meeting every night. Among the patients are some excellent musicians, ladies and gentlemen, who while away the weary hours with the "concord of sweet sounds."

The Infirmary will well repay a visit to it, and our citizens will find Dr. Hooten and his patients sociable and entertaining.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.
INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE.
WEDNESDAY, June 1, 1870.

Committee met. Mr. Brock proposed the following resolution, which was adopted:

Whereas, The committee appointed by the General Assembly, at its last session, to investigate the condition of the Western and Atlantic Railroad desires all the information that can be obtained; and

Whereas, Previous advertisements by the committee, looking to the same end, seem to have been misunderstood; to this end, therefore,

Resolved by the committee, That if any person knows of any fraud or mismanagement having been committed by the Superintendent of said road, or by any of the employees thereof, all such persons are requested to make out such charges in writing, giving the name or names of the persons by whom such fraud or mismanagement was committed, and shall give the names of the witnesses by whom such frauds can be proven, and the residence of the witness, and all such persons are required to sign their names to the paper containing such charges.

Resolved further, That the committee will hear all charges made out in conformity with the foregoing resolution.

Resolved further, That the city daily papers publish this notice one time.

M. A. Harden sworn—Says he resides in Bartow county; is not now, nor never has been, connected with the Western and Atlantic Railroad; knows about the arbitration referred to by W. P. Chisolm in his testimony of yesterday, and was the sole manager for Mrs. Beck. The award was $5,000, made in September or October, 1869, during Colonel Hulbert's administration. The award was predicated upon damages done to Mrs. Beck's plantation by the backing of water upon it, and the permanent injury of the health of Mrs. Beck and family. Some time after the award was made, witness spoke to Hulbert about the matter, and, after repeated interviews, Colonel Hulbert made a proposition, looking to a settlement of $3 000, which witness refused, and the matter was under negotiation until Hulbert went out of office. Some time after this, witness was referred, by some officer of the road, to Mr. Burnett as the proper officer having charge of such cases.

As the term for making the award the judgment of the Court was near at hand, witness was not so anxious to settle as he had been, as he expected to take a verdict for $5,000.

A short time before Court, witness, after repeated efforts, was invited to come to Atlanta and see if the matter could not be settled. After doing so, Burnett and witness agreed upon an amount. Burnett and witness agreed upon an amount. $3,000 having been offered by the road, and $5,000 being the award, witness and Burnett compromised on $4,000. Witness had full authority, by power of attorney from Mrs. Beck, to settle up this whole case; and upon the settlement, witness rendered up all the papers, including the power of attorney, to the officials of the road. (Here the power of attorney and official papers, including witness' receipt for $4,000, was exhibited to witness, and by him verified.) Witness received the $4,000 in full from George P. Burnett, an officer of the road, or general agent. Mr. Burnett got no part of this $4,000, nor did witness pay any officer or employee one cent of this money; nor did witness have any communication whatever with any officer or employee of the road, except Mr. Burnett, the proper officer.

Witness paid W. P. Chisolm $1,800, instead of $2,000, as his testimony shows, and paid Mrs. Beck $200. The balance witness retained. Afterwards witness paid Chisolm $1,000 for Mrs. Beck. Witness did not ask Chisolm to go with him to Kingston, but thinks Chisolm suggested it, and did go. Witness said nothing to Chisolm about A. L. Harris going up and desiring a settlement. Witness never spoke to Harris about the matter at any time. If Harris passed up on the train while Chisolm was at Kingston, witness has no recollection of it. Witness knows he never held any conversation with Harris about this transaction. (Witness authenticates the instrument of writing, as read and filed yesterday, signed by Mrs. Beck.) Witness never said "they had spent the money," as testified by Chisolm, but did say the witness had spent the money. Witness never said "he would be the party that would fail."

Burnett acted with witness in a manner becoming an officer of the road. Witness used all his influence, and appealed to old school-boy associations to induce Burnett to extend to witness as much liberality as possible, but could not induce him to extend any courtesy beyond the bounds of his official duty. Chisolm was to take Mrs. Beck's money and pay her 1½ per cent. per month. This, in the opinion of witness, had used Chisolm to take an active interest in the matter. The reason why witness withheld a part of the money was from the fact that he had been at considerable expense and trouble with Mrs. Beck and her affairs since the war, and expenses and service in getting up the arbitration and settlement, which amount witness considered no more than a reasonable compensation. Witness did not know, of his own knowledge, that Burnett was arrested. Chisolm did say to witness that the arrest and trial of Burnett would be a strong cord against the administration, and help to break it down. Witness don't believe, from his information, that Mrs. Beck ever voluntarily signed the warrant to have Burnett arrested. Mynatt & Dell were her lawyers.

The officials of the road sent (as stated by Chisolm) for witness when Burnett was arrested, (if he was.)

Witness dismissed.

George P. Burnet, sworn—Says he is General Agent of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, and has been since January 1st, 1870; has the general control of all the offices and books, and the settlement of claims. Says he has examined the books of a number of the officials of the road, and found no evidence of fraud or mismanagement. Witness says W. P. Chisolm came to see him about this Beck matter, and said to witness that he desired to do nothing that would injure M. A. Harden. Witness then told Chisolm that the less he could say would be the better for Harden. Chisolm then went on to state his purposes, which were not to effect Harden, but to get after the officials of the road for political purposes. Witness replied: "I have nothing more to say." And has never had anything more to say to Chisolm.

The former administration had a general agent, Thomas E. Walker held the position under Hulbert. Witness received $200 per month. Knows of no fraud, mismanagement or corruption by any officer or any employee of the road. Witness never received, directly or indirectly, any of the $4,000 drawn in favor of Harden on the Beck claim, nor does he know of any person, except Harden, who did. Witness never said to Chisolm, "We boys took it to grease ourselves." Colonel Farrow, Attorney General, gave it as his opinion that the road would have to pay the $5,000, and witness understood him as thinking it ought to be paid. Witness told Farrow he (witness) would not pay the $5,000. Witness receives no other pay outside of his salary.

The committee adjourned until 9, A. M., to-morrow.

Funny Mention.

The head man in France is the Guillotinist.

What ship is always laden with knowledge? Scholarship.

An actor ought to be a happy man: his work is all play.

A servant living in the country was directed to get the mail. After her return her mistress inquired:

"Did you get the mail!"

She answered: "Faith, mum, I did not; for you forget to tell me whether it was Indian mail or corn mail that you wanted."

"An interesting game, no doubt," the typical witty Frenchman is reported to have said, on his first introduction to the grounds of the London cricket club, "but why can't you Englishmen, who are so rich, hire some one to run about for you?"

A presumptuous young snob boasted to Henry Ward Beecher that he could preach half an hour on any text in the Bible. "Suppose you try this one," said the witty clergyman: "'And the ass opened his mouth and spake.'" That young man has not since been heard from.

A San Francisco school teacher received the following: "I hope as to my John, you will flog him just as often as you kin. Heas a bad boy—is John. Altho I've bin in the habit of teachin him myself, it seems to me he will never larn anything—his spelin is ottragously defishent. Wallop him well, ser, and you will receiv my thanks. P. S. What accounts for John bein sich a scholar is that he is my sun by my wife's fust husband."

A good story is told of a young man who applied to one of our hotels for a situation. The landlord informed him that there was but one place vacant, that of lamp-cleaner. The questioner accepted the situation, observing that he would like something as remunerative as possible, as he was once a clerk, spoke four different languages fluently, etc. "Oh! that's of no consequence," said the unappreciative landlord, "this business won't require you to speak but one language, and mighty little of that."

☞ Mr. E. J. Judah, the editor of the Monitor, published at Quincy, Florida, committed suicide in that place on Friday evening, by shooting himself through the head with a pistol.

Latest Market Reports.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, June 1, 10 o'clock, P. M.

Business continued dull during the afternoon without any change in quotations.

Telegraph Markets.

NEW YORK, June 1.—Cotton dull and heavy; sales 1,100 bales; middling uplands 22½; Orleans 23. Flour—State 4 75a5 65; Western 4 75a6 30; Southern dull at 5 90a6 10. Wheat 1c lower. Corn heavy; new mixed western 1 05a1 09½. Beef steady. Pork dull at 29 62½a29 75. Lard heavy; kettle 16¾a16¼. Whisky firmer at 1 08a1 09. Rice firm; Carolina 8a8½. Sugar firm. Coffee, molasses and naval stores quiet. Tallow steady.

Money abundant at 3a5. Sterling 9⅞a10. Gold 1 14½. Governments advancing; 62s 12¾. Southerns quiet and firm.

LATER.—The tone on Wall street to-day was generally firmer, and increased business in stock exchange. Money supply abundant and capital goes begging. Call loans 3a5; prime discounts 6a7. Exchange quiet and steady at 9¾a10. Gold stronger, closing at 1 14¾. Governments strong and advancing; 62s 12⅞; 64s 11⅜; 65s 11½; new 13⅝; 67s 14⅜; 68s 14; 10-40s 8⅝.

Tennessees 61½; new 57¾. Virginias 69. Missouris 94. Louisianas 75. Levees 75½. North Carolinas 49; new 29. Stocks closed steady but dull.

Sugar firm; Porto Rico 9½; muscovado 9¼a9¾; fair to good refinery 9¾a9⅝; No. 12 do. 10a10¼. Wool heavy and declining.

BALTIMORE, June 1.—Flour quiet and in fair demand; Howard street 5 00a5 50. Wheat dull; Maryland 1 40a1 50; western 1 35. Corn—white 1 20a1 22; yellow 1 12. Oats 60a62. Pork firm at 30 00. Bacon firm; shoulders 14. Lard 17¼. Whisky firm at 1 08a1 09.

CINCINNATI, June 1.—Corn irregular; ear 88a90; held at 93a95. Whisky 1 03. Provisions unchanged. Holders asked full prices for all articles.

SAVANNAH, June 1.—Cotton in moderate demand; middlings 21¼; sales 250 bales; receipts 464 bales; exports to Great Britain 303 bales; coastwise 271 bales; stock 25,708 bales.

NEW ORLEANS, June 1.—Cotton dull and nominal; middlings 21¾a22; sales 1,900 bales; net receipts 457 bales; coastwise 340 bales; total 797 bales; exports to Liverpool 2,301 bales; to Boston 727 bales; stock on hand 108,460 bales.

Flour 4 50a5 50. Corn—mixed 1 20a1 22½; yellow 1 25; white 1 30. Oats 68a70. Bran 1 35. Hay 24 00. Pork 31 50. Bacon 14¾a17¼a18¾; hams 21a21¾. Lard easier; tierces 15¾a16¾; keg 18¾a19. Sugar—prime 11¼a11¾. Molasses—good fermenting 65a73. Whisky 1 00a1 10. Coffee—fair 16¾a16⅞; prime 17¾a18¾.

Sterling 36. New York Sight ⅜ premium. Gold 1 14¾.

GALVESTON, June 1.—Cotton—Cable news caused buyers to withdraw from the market; good ordinary 18½; sales 500 bales; receipts 67 bales; exports, coastwise, 29 bales; stock 28,394 bales.

CHARLESTON, June 1.—Cotton dull and but little doing; middlings 21¼; sales 50 bales; receipts 257 bales; exports coastwise 506 bales; stock on hand 8,778 bales.

NORFOLK, June 1.—Cotton quiet; low middlings 20½; receipts 2,049 bales; sales 10 bales; exports coastwise 13 bales; stock on hand 2,013 bales.

MOBILE, June 1.—Cotton quiet but steady; middling 21; sales 700 bales; receipts 9 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,346 bales; stock on hand 33,422 bales.

AUGUSTA, June 1.—Cotton market dull and lower; middlings 20½a20¾; sales 140 bales; receipts 30 bales.

LONDON, June 1, evening.—Consols 93. Bonds 89⅝.

FRANKFORT, June 1.—Bonds quiet at 95½.

PARIS, June 1.—Bourse closed firm; Rentes 74f. 75c.

HAVRE, June 1.—Cotton opened heavy at 125f on spot.

LIVERPOOL, June 1, evening.—Cotton steady; uplands 10⅝a10¾; Orleans 10⅞; exports 1,000 bales. Pork and lard quiet. Bacon firmer but not higher.

Waifs From Over the Sea.

The Crown Princess of Prussia has recently been so enraged at the infidelities of her husband, that she has seriously thought of getting a divorce from him.

Frederick Spellhagen, the German novelist, expresses much dissatisfaction at the manner in which he has been treated by his American publishers.

Louisa Muhlbach has four new novels in press. She says she does not know why Americans do not like to read her books any longer.

The American Hotel, kept at Mayence on the Rhine, has been closed. The proprietor failed and ran away after contracting debts to the amount of upward of 90,000 florins.

The executioner of Paris has drawn up a memorial recommending to the Emperor Napoleon the Third that criminals in France, sentenced to death, be henceforth executed by having their skulls crushed with an iron club.

Prince Napoleon, incredible as it may seem, is said to be at work upon a history of Brutus, in which he defends him against the charges that have been raised against him for so many centuries.

Three murderers were recently beheaded in Prussia. Two of them allowed themselves quietly to be fastened to the block, but the third struggled violently and did not surrender until the executioner and his assistants had beaten him terribly.

Crime flourishes to such an unusual degree in the Northern Provinces of Prussia that all the penitentiaries in that part of the country, ample as their accommodations are, will not hold them, and that large gangs of convicts had to be shipped repeatedly to the Western Provinces.

Special Notices.

☞ RESIDENCE LOT FOR SALE. fronting on Collins street, between Houston and Ellis streets. Not too far from business, and in a neighborhood unexceptionable. Apply to

WALLACE & FOWLER,
junef-dtf Real Estate Agents.

☞ A GOOD INVESTMENT.—A course of instruction at the ATLANTA BUSINESS COLLEGE.

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Students separately instructed and received at any time. Send for a Circular.

may29-d8t B. F. MOORE, Principal.

☞ WEDLOCK.—THE BASIS OF CIVIL SOCIETY.—Essays for Young Men, on the honor and happiness of Marriage, and the evils and dangers of Celibacy, with sanitary help for the attainment of man's true position in life. Sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address,

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,
may25-d&w3m Box P, Philadelphia, Pa.

Local and Business Notices.

E. W. HOLLAND'S warehouse to let.
je2-d4t.

THE POPULAR TONIC OF THE AGE.—The day has gone by when a medicine without merit could command and retain the confidence of the world. Advertising induces the public to try many things, but in this shrewd and thoughtful age, words will not suffice without proofs, and it is by the exercise of their private judgment, men determine the relative value of the various articles recommended to their notice through the business columns of newspapers. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has now been subjected to this searching ordeal for more than eighteen years, and the result is that it stands at the head of the class of remedies to which it belongs. It has distanced and lived down innumerable competitors, and is to-day the Standard Vegetable Tonic of the western world. The happy effects which have followed its use in cases of dyspepsia, biliousness, nervous affections, intermittent fevers and general debility, and as a constitutional invigorant, have entitled it to universal confidence. Nothing can ever shake its reputation, for it is based on the individual experiences of tens of thousands of witnesses, embracing prominent and well known citizens of every profession, occupation and class. There is not a city, town or settlement in the United States where it is not a medicinal staple. No druggist or general dealer would consider his stock complete without it, and the returns of the Internal Revenue Department show that its sales exceed those of any other proprietory restorative manufactured on this side of the Atlantic. The beneficial results derived during a long series of years from the use of Hostetter's Bitters, have convinced the whole community that the only true way to restore to health a broken down or debilitated system, or to put the human body on its defense when exposed to unwholesome influences, is to *invigorate, regulate* and *purify* it at once and the same time.

may31-deod1w&w1t.

TANNING THE SCALP.—All the hair dyes and their congeners, the "colorers," "restorers," etc., discolor the scalp. Phalon's Vitalia, or Salvation for the Hair, is the only article for restoring gray hair which does not stain the skin.

Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers. may31-deod1w.

LOUISVILLE, KY., May 19, 1870.

Messrs. Meador & Bros., Atlanta, Georgia—Gentlemen: On the evening of my departure from your city, I sampled a box of your Cigars. They were of small size, resembling the old brand of "Opera" a little. Please send me 1,000. Send bill by mail. W. A. R.

We have now in store, of our own manufacture, One Million of all grades of Cigars, and are offering them for less than New York manufacturer's prices. We defy competition. MEADOR & BROS.
may 22

USE Equine Powder for general debility

EXPERIENCED Horsemen use Equine Remedies.

EQUINE POWDERS are infallible.
may31-dlw.

CANCELLING STAMP.—Parties who need the above can be supplied at
may28-3t ER LAWSHE'S.

DR. HEBERN CLAFLIN, office 696 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, successfully treats Cancers without knife, or serious pain, in the shortest time imaginable. Also, treats chronic diseases, consumption and all female diseases successfully.

Dr. Hebern Claflin is at the American Hotel, Atlanta, Georgia, June 1, where he will remain but a short time.
junel&w1m

FOUND.—One of the most important combinations known to the Medical world, Greene's Dyspepsia Remedy, a certain, safe and sure cure for Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Indigestion, etc. For sale *only* by

W. A. LANSDELL,
Wholesale Druggist and General Agent.
may11-1m.

JOY TO THE WORLD! WOMAN IS FREE! Among the many modern discoveries looking to the happiness and amelioration of the human race, none is entitled to higher consideration than the renowned remedy, Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator, Woman's Best Friend. By it woman is emancipated from the numberless ills peculiar to her sex. Before its magic power all irregularities of the womb vanish. It cures whites. It cures suppression of the menses. It removes uterine obstructions. It cures constipation and strengthens the system. It braces the nerves and purifies the blood. It never fails, as thousands of women will testify. This valuable medicine is prepared and sold by L. H. Bradfield, Druggist, Atlanta, Ga. Price $1.50 per bottle. All respectable drug men keep it.
feb20-1f

"BARRETT'S" produces natural change.

"BARRETT'S" Reliable Hair Restorative.

QUESTION—Mrs. B., where can I fill this bill of Millinery and Dry Goods, etc.?

Answer—At Mrs. Frank's, Decatur street. You will find there a full assortment of Millinery, Fancy Dry Goods, Embroideries, Hosiery, Ladies' and Misses' Shoes and Bootees—in fact all you may call for, from a Paper of Pins to a Silk Dress. Her goods are of the latest styles, and very cheap.

PURE WINES DIRECTLY IMPORTED.—We have for sale a very superior article of Claret, Hock, Sherry, Port and Madeira Wine, pronounced by competent judges to be the best in the market; also fine French Cognac Brandy of vintage 1862.

may 23 PENDERTON, TAYLOR & Co.

Read What the Delmonico of the South says:

Messrs. McBride & Co.: We have given the Eureka Coffee Pot a fair trial. Its merits far excel our expectations. Simple in its construction, the help find no difficulty in its use. Its condensing apparatus works like a charm, retaining all the strength and aroma of the coffee.

It is the Coffee Pot of the age.

Respectfully,
Pease and his Wife.

Kerosene, warranted to be 110 degrees fire test, for 40 cents per gallon, at McBride & Co.'s.

Diamond Oil, 190 degrees, for 75 cents.
apr10-dtf

A QUESTION IN MANY HOMES.—The fine times when we could all live on the fat of the land have gone by, perhaps never to return. Of late, the question how to obtain the largest amount of wholesale, palatable nourishment at the lowest possible price, has been earnestly discussed in thousands of American can homes. The introduction of Sea Moss Farine as a national food staple, solves that problem. From no other article under the sun can the same amount of delicious fare be obtained for the same cost. The custards, Charlottes, jellies, puddings, etc., made from it are "fit for Juno when she banquets;" and as a clarifier for refining cider and other fermented potables, it has no equal. The Sea Moss Farine Company, who owns the patent for the article, have their central depot at 53 Park Place, New York, and within twelve months they have established a business of immense magnitude and importance.
may31-deod1w&w1t.

No poisonous drugs in "Barrett's."

APPLY "Barrett's" and look young.

From the Norfolk Daily Journal, Dec. 11, 1869.]

KOSKOO.—This medicine is rapidly gaining the confidence of the people, and the numerous testimonials of its virtues, given by practitioners of medicine, leaves no doubt that it is a safe and reliable remedy for impurity of the blood, liver disease, etc.

The last Medical Journal contains an article from Prof. R. S. Newton, M. D., President of the E. Medical College, city of New York, that speaks in high terms of its curative properties, and gives a special recommendation of Koskoo to the practitioners of medicine. This is, we believe, the first instance where such medicines have been officially endorsed by the Faculty of any of the medical colleges, and reflects great credit upon the skill of Dr. Lawrence, its compounder, and also puts "Koskoo" in the van of all other medicines of the present day. feb26-d&w6m

EQUINE LINIMENT cures Skin diseases.

FOR Ringbone use Equine Ointment.

THE United States Hotel, Louisville, Kentucky, is only three blocks from the Catholic Church. may31-dlw

THE BLESSING OF THE AGE.—No more Sick Headache, no more Dyspepsia, no more Indigestion, no more Piles, no more Chills, no more Liver Complaint, no more Jaundice, no more Pain in the Back, no more Kidney Disease, no more Costiveness, no more Heartburn. Tutt's Vegetable Liver Pill is a certain guarantee against all these distressing complaints.
may31-dlw.

T. W. SIMMONS,
Under National Hotel,
The Cheapest and Best Meats in the Market.
Fulton Market Beef.
Extra Family Pig Pork.
Spiced Pig's Feet.
English Breakfast Bacon.
Pickled White Shad.
Venison, Bologna Sausage.

T. W. SIMMONS,
Under National Hotel.
A other Fresh Lot Just Received.
Choice Goshen Butter.
New York Dairy Cheese.
Call soon and get a good article at lowest prices.

T. W. SIMMONS,
Under National Hotel.
A Fresh Lot of Crackers:
Albert Biscuit,
Dessert Biscuit,
Lemon Snoppetts,
Graham,
Boston,
Butter,
Ginger,
Pearl,
Oyster,
Cream,
Ginger Snaps,
All fresh and nice, and the best grades.

T. W. SIMMONS,
Under National Notel.
CALL and examine my new crop Teas, just received from Cincinnati, over the Pacific Railroad. The best grades Gunpowder, Oolong, Imperial, Young Hyson, English, Breakfast and Japan Teas.

T. W. SIMMONS,
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FOR choice grades Coffee ask for Mocha, Old Government, Java, Laguayra and Rio Coffee. Nobody sells lower or better Coffee.

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THE FINEST WINES:
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Canned Goods in Great Variety.
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CRUSHED SUGAR,
Granulated Sugar,
A, B, Extra C, Yellow, and
Cut Loaf Sugars.

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BUSINESS CARDS,	POSTERS,
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☞ WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD—F. BLODGETT, Superintendent; A. L. HARRIS, Master of Transportion.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	7 50 P M
Arrives at Chattanooga	3 30 A M
Leaves Chattanooga	7 50 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	4 14 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	8 15 A M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4 30 P M
Leaves Chattanooga	7 00 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	3 17 P M

CARTERSVILLE ACCOMMODATION.

Leaves Atlanta	5 30 P M
Arrives at Cartersville	8 11 P M
Leaves Cartersville	6 00 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	9 00 A M

☞ ATLANTA & WEST POINT RAILROAD—87 miles—Fare ____ per mile—JOHN P. KING, President; L. P. GRANT, Superintendent; E. M. FARRAR, Agent at Atlanta:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	8:15A. M.
Arrive at West Point	12:35 P. M.
Leave West Point	12:55 P. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	5:35 P. M.

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	8:00 P. M.
Arrive at West Point	10:45 P. M.
Leave West Point	3:00 A. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	10:07 A. M.

☞ SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY, AUGUSTA, GA., May 13th, 1870.—On and after Sunday, 15th instant, the Passenger Trains on the Georgia Railroad will run as follows:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.
(Sunday Excepted.)

Leave Augusta	7.15 A.M.
Leave Atlanta	7.00 A.M.
Arrive at Augusta	5.45 P.M.
Arrive at Atlanta	7.10 P.M.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Augusta	9.50 P.M.
Leave Atlanta	8.45 P.M.
Arrive at Augusta	6.00 A.M.
Arrive at Atlanta	8.00 A.M.

S. K. JOHNSON, Supt.

☞ Atlanta, Athens, Madison, Covington and Greensboro' papers copy. may14-dtf

☞ MACON & WESTERN RAILROAD.—103 miles—Fare, five cents per mile—A. J. WHITE, President; R. A. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta; H. W. BRONSON, Master Transportation:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	8.55 A M
Arrive at Macon	1.40 P M
Leave Macon	1.55 A M
Arrive at Atlanta	6.10 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7.18 P M
Arrive at Macon	3.33 A M
Leave Macon	3.50 P M
Arrive in Atlanta	4.46 A M

SOLOMONS' BIG THING!

This Great Tonic

WILL BE SUPPLIED TO THE TRADE

At the Proprietors' Prices,

BY THE FOLLOWING HOUSES:

REDWINE & FOX, Druggists,
W. A. LANSDELL, Druggist,
PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO., Druggists,
L. COHEN & CO.,
Dealers in Wines, Liquors, etc.

A. A. SOLOMONS & CO.,
PROPRIETORS,
Savannah, - - - Georgia.
may21-dlm

TO CONSUMERS OF ICE.

WE beg to inform our friends and the citizens of Atlanta, also those on the different lines of Railroad out of Atlanta, that we are now prepared to commence delivering ICE from the Cellar under No. 1 Granite Block. Entrance from Forsyth street, from the steps by the side of the Bridge, also from the Railroad. Our wagon will also receive orders and deliver ice. We assure ice consumers that our price shall be as low as any ice sold in the city. We will also sell tickets to families, etc.

Sunday hours—open from 6 o'clock A. M. to 9 o'clock A. M., from 12 to 2½ P. M., 6 to 7 P. M.

For 25 cents ice can be procured at any hour, night or day, by applying to No. 8 Lynch Building, up-stairs.

Express Agents on the different Railroads will be pleased to receive orders and deliver the same. We assure those sending orders that our facility will be superior to any other house in the city.
may5-dlm PARSONS, BORN & CO.

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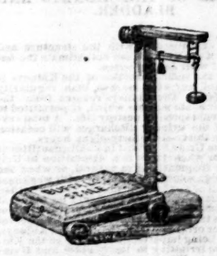
Wholesale and Retail



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Cushings & Bailey,

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The largest and best assorted Stock in the City, of SCHOOL, LAW, MEDICAL, DENTAL, CLASSICAL, —AND— Miscellaneous Books.

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MANUFACTURERS OF

Billiard, Jenny Lind, —AND— PIGEON HOLE TABLES,

No. 8 West Sixth Street,

CINCINNATI, OHIO,

KEEP constantly on hand a full assortment of BALLS, CUES, CUE TIPS, and all articles connected with the business, which they offer at LOWEST MARKET PRICE. Orders by mail promptly filled. mar1-deod3m

DRY GOODS CHEAP.

HAVING on hand a large stock of SUMMER GOODS, and being desirous of disposing of the same—while there is still a demand for them—I have concluded to offer them at

LOWER PRICES

Than have ever before been named in Atlanta. A great and general reduction in prices has been effected; and, in some cases, a difference of

50 Per Cent.

Will be found to have been made. Particular attention is called to the following named classes of Goods, which will be offered VERY LOW, indeed, viz:

Grenadines, Lenos, Mosambiques, etc.,
Printed Muslins—in great variety,
White and Printed Organdies—fine,
Linen Lawns,
Table Linens—(a choice lot),
Towels, Napkins, Doyles, etc.,
Fine French Corsets,
Parasols in Pannee, Plain Silk and Gingham,
Silk and Linen Fans,
White Muslins in every variety of Plain, Striped and Checked,
Plain and Hem-stitched Handkerchiefs,
A large and choice lot of EMBROIDERIES.

All of these Goods will be Sold Cheap.

All that is necessary to convince the most incredulous is an examination of the Stock and prices on and after

Monday, May 30th,

At the store of JOHN KEELY,
Corner Whitehall and Hunter Streets.
may29-d2w

FOR SALE OR RENT—FURNISHED.

A COMMODIOUS and pleasantly situated house on McDonough street. Perfectly Furnished, good neighborhood, Fine Gardens, and in first rate order. JAMES M. BALL,
may13-d3aw3w 77 Whitehall street.

READ THE FOLLOWING CERTIFICATES. Hundreds of others could be given. See what Col. Calhoun says: "When a young man, I resided in one of the malarious districts of Mississippi, and while there contracted Liver disease, from which I have suffered ever since. I have tried, I believe, all Liver Medicines, and do not hesitate to say that Dr. Ed. Smith's Liver Tonic is, by far, superior to anything I have ever tried. J. LAWRENCE CALHOUN, Newnan, Ga.

Dr. E. Smith's Liver Tonic is beyond all question a most excellent Liver Medicine. Having fully tested its virtues, we take great pleasure in assuring those who may be afflicted with Torpid Liver or Constipated Bowels, that no better, or safer medicine can be found. J. E. Dent & Bro., Monaghan, Ky.; Rev. Geo. R. Smith, Newnan,

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

Agents for the Constitution.

The following gentlemen are regularly authorized, as local Agents, to receive and receipt for subscriptions to THE CONSTITUTION, at the following places:

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THE YOUNGER SISTER.

BY JOHN G. WHITTIER.

As one who hold herself a part
Of all she saw, and let her heart
Against the household bosom lean,
Upon the motley-braided mat
Our youngest and our dearest sat,
Letting her large, sweet, asking eyes,
Now bathed within the fadeless green,
And holy peace of Paradise;
Or, looking from some heavenly hill,
Or from the shade of saintly palms,
Or silver reach of river calms,
Do those large eyes behold me still?
With me one year ago;
The chill weight of the winter snow
For months upon her grave has lain;
And now when summer south winds blow
And brier and harebell bloom again,
I tread the pleasant path we trod,
I see the violet-sprinkled sod
Whereon she leaned so frail and weak,
The hillside flowers she loved to seek,
Yet following me where'er I went,
With dark eyes full of love's content,
The birds are glad; the brier-rose fills
The air with sweetness; all the hills
Stretch green to June's unclouded sky;
But still I wait with ear and eye
For something gone which should be nigh,
A loss in all familiar things,
In flower that blooms and bird that sings.
And yet, dear heart! remembering thee,
Am I not richer than of old!
Safe in thy immortality,
What change can reach the wealth I hold?
What change can mar the pearl and gold
Thy love hath left in trust with me?
And while in life's late afternoon,
Where cool and long the shadows grow,
I walk to meet the night that soon
Shall shape and shadow overflow,
I cannot feel that thou art far,
Since near at hand the angels are;
And when the sunset gates unbar,
Shall I see thee waiting stand,
And, white against the evening star,
The welcoming of thy beckoning hand!

A CARD FROM MR. TUGGLE.

Governor Jenkins and the Re-furnishing the Executive Mansion.

Editors Constitution: In March, 1866, being in Milledgeville during the session of the Legislature, the writer used the following language in a letter to the LaGrange Reporter: "An impoverished, over-taxed people will complain at such items as $20,000 for re-furnishing the Executive Mansion, while more important appropriations are ignored."

On the 27th instant, an article appeared in the New Era, over the name of "A Friend of Governor Jenkins," referring to a certain letter of "Fair Play" in 1866. This letter of "Fair Play" was fully answered by the writer at the time, in March, 1866. But "A Friend of Governor J." asserts that "a correspondent of the LaGrange Reporter" attempted to connect Governor J. with the $20,000 appropriation.

He is misinformed. A joint committee from the Senate and House appointed a sub-committee, who, during the recess, made out a list of needed articles which were ordered through a merchant visiting New York. The Legislature was surprised at the prices charged, but paid the bill, as the articles were bought on the credit of the State. The writer knew that the Legislature alone were responsible, as they made the appropriation to pay the bill contracted indirectly by their joint committee. Governor J. neither made the bill nor paid it. The only regret the writer has is that his letter is misquoted, and this quotation is used against the Christian gentleman, and pure statesman, whom every true Georgian delights to honor, Governor Charles J. Jenkins, and is also indirectly used to sustain the illegal plunderings of R. B. Bullock, whom every true Georgian delights to dishonor. The first wore a robe as spotless as the mantle of Elijah, and will be embalmed in the love of his people; the latter wears a robe dripping with filth from the cess-pools of Washington, and will be "embalmed in his own infamy," and the hatred of every honest Georgian.

If "A Friend to Governor J." admires the grand old statesman more than the writer, then his fountain of admiration will soon be exhausted, if not a self-generator, and an examination of the original articles will show that Governor J.'s name was never directly nor indirectly connected by the writer with fitting up the mansion.

If the appropriation was improper, then the Legislature was to blame; and the writer did not even assert this much, but merely suggested that the people who were then begging bread in Kentucky would complain.

While on this subject, allow me to congratulate you for being selected by R. B. B. to replenish his exchequer. If exposing rascality be slander, then well may you say, with Patrick Henry, "If this be treason (or slander), make the most of it"—make $25,000 out of it. In twenty-four hours the State of Georgia will contribute enough to pay the amount recovered of you. Indeed, the widow's mite will pay it and leave enough to pay Blodgett & Co. for future slander, and then three-fourths will be left.

My dear sir, listen to Blackstone, and thank God if you have met the requirements of his definition (except "false"): Slander—"A false tale, tending to injure the reputation of another by lessening him in the esteem of his fellow-citizens, (lessen the millionth part of zero!) by exposing him to impeachment, (there's the rub, you wicked CONSTITUTION!) or by impairing his means of living."

If you expose R. B. B. to impeachment, you shall be the next Governor! Alas, for the English language! which forbids that you do the subject justice. The Leviathan has sunk so deep that fathom line can never reach him.

Horace tells us that "punishment rarely, though slow of foot, ceases to pursue the criminal who runs before," and 'tis consoling to reflect that the history of the world teaches retributive justice; 'tis consoling to know that Rome's cruelty to Carthage was repaid by the Vandals; that though Nero imprisoned the great Apostle to the Gentiles, (Paul) and executed him, christianity lives, while the Cæsars are dead, and their crown the plaything of Europe. 'Tis consoling to all oppressed nations to know that Pharaoh's tyranny over God's chosen people met its reward in the depths of the Red Sea, while Israel shouted in triumph on the eastern shore. 'Tis consoling to know that while Belshazzar was desecrating the sacred vessels of silver and gold, stolen from the holy Temple of his father Nebuchadnezzar, King of Babylon, that, in the very hour of debauchery, the handwriting blazoned on the wall—"Mene, Mene, tekel, upharsin." And oh! may we not hope that, while unprincipled men are feasting on the plunder of an oppressed people, while Butler, and Bullock, and Blodgett, and all the graceless hirelings who plot the ruin of our beloved State, sip their wine from stolen goblets, and eat their luxuries at Washington from spoons stolen at New Orleans, that the judgment of Heaven awaits them, and though long delayed, will surely come and reward them with Belshazzar's doom.

With the best wishes for success in battling against Bullock & Company, and for Georgia, Truly Yours,

W. O. TUGGLE.

LaGrange, Ga., May 30, 1870.

WHAT SALAD OILS ARE MADE OF.—Most of the salad oils now brought into the market are made of cotton-seed oil, refined and bleached. Among all the substitutes for the genuine olive oil, none is better than cotton-seed, since we are able to get it fresh; while the genuine olive oil often shows, from its age, a beginning, at least, of rancidity. This cotton-seed oil resembles linseed oil in its drying properties, and makes, consequently, a better oil for painters than for lubricating machinery. Boiled with litharge, it yields an excellent drying oil. Extensive manufactories are now being erected, and the demand is already enormous. The crude oil is used to make soap, to grease wool, etc. *Manufacturer and Builder.*

☞ It is said that spring-time makes the sky-lark soar. This must be painful to the poor sky-lark.—*Judy.*

Railroads.

Winter Arrangement!

—:o:—

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.

—:o:—

THE OLD RELIABLE PASSENGER ROUTE

TO ALL

Northern, Eastern and Western Cities,

Carrying Great Southern Express.

—:o:—

The Only Route from Atlanta

RUNNING A

Double Daily Through Train,

Preventing a possibility of twenty-four (24) hours delay, incident to lines having but one Daily Train.

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The United States Mail

BETWEEN ATLANTA AND NEW YORK

Is Carried Exclusively by this Line.

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On and after March 21st, 1870,
Through Passenger Trains will Leave Atlanta

8:15 A. M.--7:30 P. M.

Making close connection at Kingston for

Rome, Selma, Meridian and New Orleans.

At Chattanooga, with the East Tennessee and Georgia Railroad for all points

NORTH AND EAST VIA LYNCHBURG.

The Memphis and Charleston, for

Canton, Memphis and New Orleans,

AND POINTS WEST.

The Nashville and Chattanooga, for

Nashville and all Points North, East and West.

—:o:—

Passengers have choice of

TWENTY-SIX DIFFERENT ROUTES

FROM

Atlanta to New York

—:o:—

PULLMAN'S TRAVELING PALACES

ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

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The Best Eating Houses in the Country.

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NO MIDNIGHT CHANGES.

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Finely Finished Cars well Heated and Ventilated.

—:o:—

QUICK TIME AND SURE CONNECTIONS.

—:o:—

Tickets for sale at all Ticket Offices for all Points Reached by this Line.

—:o:—

FARE SAME AS BY OTHER ROUTES.

—:o:—

Baggage Checked Through

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☞ We do not advertise our Conductors. Their deportment and attention do that.

B. W. WRENN, Gen. Ticket Agent.
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FOSTER BLODGETT, Superintendent,
nov25-dtf

THE

GREAT SOUTHERN

PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE!

VIA

ATLANTA AND AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

THE EATING HOUSES

on this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this Line are affable and courteous to passengers.

NO CHANCE OF CARS

BETWEEN

West Point, Ga., & Wilmington, N.C.

Quick Time and Sure Connection

VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase **Through Tickets** and have their **Baggage Checked** through from

New Orleans, Mobile,
Montgomery, Columbus,
and Atlanta,

TO

Richmond, Baltimore,
Washington, Philadelphia,
and New York.

BY

Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line

FARE AS LOW BY AUGUSTA

AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars

ON

All Night Trains Leaving Atlanta

BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steamships

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia Boston and New York.

THE CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

UNRIVALLED ON THE COAST.

Through Tickets on Sale at

Montgomery, West Point & Atlanta

TO

NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

J. A. ROBERT,

General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.
aprils-dtf

KOSKOO!

THE GREAT REPUTATION

Which KOSKOO has attained in all parts of country

AS A GREAT AND GOOD MEDICINE

And the Large Numbers of Testimonials

which are constantly being received from Physicians, and persons who have BEEN CURED by its use, is CONCLUSIVE PROOF of its REMARKABLE VALUE.

AS A BLOOD PURIFIER,

IT HAS NO EQUAL,

BEING POSITIVELY

The Most Powerful Vegetable Alterative Yet Discovered.

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.

"The life of the flesh is in the Blood," is a Scriptural maxim that science proves to be true. The people talk of bad blood, as the cause of many diseases, and like many popular opinions, this of bad blood is founded in truth.

The symptoms of bad blood are usually quite plain—bad Digestion—causes imperfect nutrition, and consequently the circulation is feeble, the soft tissues loose their tone and elasticity, and the tongue becomes pale, broad, and frequently covered with a pasty, white coat. This condition soon shows itself in *roughness* of the skin, then in ERUPTIVE and ULCERATIVE diseases, and when long continued, results in serious lesions of the Brain, Liver, Lungs, or urinary apparatus. Much, very much, suffering is caused by impure blood. It is estimated by some that one-fifth of the human family are effected with scrofula in some form.

When the Blood is pure, you are not so liable to any disease. Many impurities of the Blood arise from impure diseases of large cities. Eradicate every impurity from the fountain of life, and good spirits, fair skin and vital strength will return to you.

KOSKOO,

AS A

Liver Invigorator!

STANDS UNRIVALLED.

Being the only KNOWN Medicine

that EFFICIENTLY *stimulates* and CORRECTS the *hepatic secretions* and functional DERANGEMENTS of the LIVER, WITHOUT DEALIBITATING the system. While it acts *freely* upon the Liver *instead of copious purging*, it *gradually changes* the discharges *to a perfectly natural state.*

SYMPTOMS OF LIVER COMPLAINT AND OF SOME OF THOSE DISEASES PRODUCED BY IT.

A sallow or yellow color of the skin, or yellowish-brown spots on the face and other parts of the body; dullness and drowsiness, sometimes, headache; bitter or bad taste in the mouth, internal heat; in many cases a dry, teasing cough; unsteady appetite; sometimes sour stomach, with a raising of the food; a bloated or full feeling about the stomach and sides; aggravating pains in the side, back, or breast, and about the shoulders; constipation of the bowels; piles, flatulence, coldness of the extremities, etc.

KOSKOO!

Is a remedy of *Wonderful Efficacy* in the *cure* of diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder. In these Affections it is as near a specific as any remedy can be. It does its work kindly, silently, and surely. The Relief which it affords is both certain and perceptible.

DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.

Persons unacquainted with the structure and functions of the Kidneys can not estimate the *importance* of their *healing action.*

Regular and sufficient action of the Kidneys is as important, nay, even more so, than regularity of the bowels. The Kidneys remove from the Blood those effete matters which, if permitted to remain, would speedily destroy life. A total suspension of the urinary discharges will occasion death from thirty-six to forty-eight hours.

When the Urine is voided in small quantities at the time, or when there is a disposition to Urinate more frequently than natural, or when the Urine is high colored or scalding with weakness in the small of the back, it should not be trifled with or delayed, but Koskoo should be taken at once to remedy the difficulty, before a lesion of she organs takes place. Most of the diseases of the Bladder originate from those of the Kidneys, the Urine being imperfectly secreted in the Kidneys, prove irritating to the Bladder and Urinary passages. When we recollect that medicine never reaches the Kidneys through the general circulation of the Blood, we see how necessary it is to keep the Fountain of Life Pure.

KOSKOO!

Meets with GREAT SUCCESS in the CURE of

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM,

Almost nine-tenths of our people suffer from nervous exhaustion, and are, therefore, liable to its concomitant evils of mental depression, confused ideas, softening of the brain, insanity, and complete breaking down of the general health. Thousands are suffering to-day with broken-down nervous systems, and, unfortunately, tobacco, alcohol, late hours, over-work (mental and physical), are causing diseases of the nervous system to increase at a fearful rate.

The symptoms to which diseases of the nervous system give rise, may be stated as follows:

A dull, heavy feeling in the head, sometimes more or less severe pain or headache; Periodical Headache, Dizziness, Noises or Ringing in the Head; Confusion of Ideas; Temporary Loss of Memory; Dejection of Spirits; Starting during Sleep; Bad Dreams; Hesitation in Answering Questions; Dullness of Hearing; Twitching of the Face and Arms, etc., which, if not promptly treated, lead to Paralysis, Delirium, Insanity, Impotency, Apoplexy, etc., etc.

KOSKOO

Is NOT a *secret quack remedy.* FORMULA around each bottle. Recommended by the best Physicians, eminent Divines, Editors, Druggists, Merchants, etc.

The Best and Most Popular Medicine in Use.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D.,

ORGANIC CHEMIST,

Laboratory and Office, No. 6 Main Street,

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Price, ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

☞ For Sale by Druggists Everywhere. 1y30 dtw&w

Baltimore Notices.

GEORGE PAGE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR

SAW MILLS,

Also Stationary and Portable

Steam Engines, &c.

No. 5 Schroeder Street,

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☞ *Send for Catalogues and Price-Lists.*

mh17-d1y

OCB

TRADE MARK

OLD CAROLINA BITTERS.

A DELIGHTFUL TONIC

We take great pleasure in offering the

Old Carolina Bitters

to the public. They are compounded with great care, and contain some of the best Tonics in the Pharmacopia. As evidence of the superiority of our Bitters over all others, we have certificates from many of the leading physicians in our State, who have prescribed them in their practice.

THE OLD CAROLINA BITTERS

Will be found invaluable for

Want of Appetite,
General Debility,
Chills and Fever and Dyspepsia.

We do not offer our Bitters as a cure for all diseases, but as an Aromatic Tonic, they have no equal.

For sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. Principal Depot, GOODRICH, WINEMAN & CO., Importers of Choice Drugs and Chemicals,
jan19-dly Charleston, S. C.

HENRY BANKS. HENRY BANKS, JR.

Henry Banks & Son,

- -DEALERS IN -

BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER,

SHOEMAKERS' TOOLS,

LASTS, PEGS, CALF-SKINS, ETC.,

No. 6, Cherokee Block,

PEACHTREE STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

jan8-d6m

TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS

Cures diseases of the Liver and Stomach

Tutt's Expectorant,

A pleasant cure for Coughs, Colds, etc.

Tutt's Sarsaparilla and Queen's Delight

The great Alterative and Blood Purifier.

Tutt's Improved Hair Dye,

Warranted the best dye in use.

These valuable preparations are for sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. june30-dly

Valuable Real Estate, AT GAINESVILLE, GA., FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE built and occupied by Haise Bewdry, deceased, a summer residence. Any amount of Wood Land can be purchased, convenient.

Apply to

E. A. GOWER,
At Cartersville,
Or, R. V. COBB,
Gainesville, Ga.

N. B.—Some **Valuable Mill Property** for sale in the immediate vicinity of Gainesville. apr19-dtf

30,000 FEET OF

Walnut, Poplar, Pine, Oak, SYCAMORE,

AND SO FORTH, in any quantities, which must be good and dry, for which the highest cash price will be paid at

WALTON & CO.'S CABINET FACTORY.

Small quantities will be received.

The Company has purchased the best gear variety Moulding Machine and are prepared to do every kind of Serpentine and Scroll Work on Newel Posts, Banisters, Veranda Posts, Bedposts, Table Legs, Hand Rails, Brackets, &c., in fact we are prepared to stick moulding on any Scroll Work that the curve is not quicker than one inch and a quarter. We do all kinds of Turning, make all kinds of Furniture, stick all kinds of straight or crooked mouldings on hard or soft wood; make all kinds of Picture Frames, and as an inducement to the trade we sell much cheaper than any other firm in the city.

Liberal Terms Offered to the Trade.

We make Ornamental Wood Letters for Signs far cheaper than they can be painted. Call and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere.

Works, Race Track Street, near McPherson Barracks.

WARE-ROOMS—HAYS & GARRETT'S OLD STAND, near the old Whitehall House,

Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

All kinds of Lumber and Produce received in exchange. feb10-d1y

feb12—dtf

To All Whom it May Concern.

YOUR attention is called to sections 377 and 393 of the City Code. They have been so amended that one notification from me is sufficient, and I now notify all parties, who comes under the scope of said sections, to remove all obstructions, Sweepings, Hair, Fuel, Slop, or Washings, within six hours, and will say that you are not allowed to put the boxes, used to place such accumulation in, upon the street or sidewalk, except on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday mornings, when a Scavenger Cart will pass around and empty them.

apr20-dtf G. W. ANDERSON, Marshal.

German Music Teacher!

LEWIS DAVIDS, of Berlin, Germany, recently settled in Atlanta, offers his professional services as an Instructor of Music, either upon the Piano or Violin, to the people of Atlanta. From years of study in Germany, under the best Masters, and considerable experience in his profession, he believes he can give entire satisfaction to any who will place themselves under his Tuition. Any communication directed to Lewis Davids, care of Capt. John Milledge, or left at his office, corner of Broad and Marietta streets, will reach Mr. Davis. may4-dtm

ATLANTA, 10th February, 1870.

All persons in Atlanta or elsewhere in the State who have claims on the State Agricultural Society for premiums, will receive an order for the payment of the same, on application to the Secretary, by order of the Executive Committee.

feb11-tf D. W. LEWIS, Secretary.

SOMETHING TO EAT FOR EVERYBODY

—AT—

Chapman, Rucker & Co.'s,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

Having Accepted the Agency for the Celebrated Graves' Mills Flour of

LEBANON, KENTUCKY,

We are now Prepared to Furnish to our Patrons any Kind and Quantity of Flour at

THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES!

WE ALSO KEEP ON HAND A LARGE SUPPLY OF

CORN, BACON, LARD, SUGARS, COFFEES, MOLASSES, SYRUPS, ETC.,

WHICH WE PROPOSE TO SELL

AS LOW AS ANY HOUSE IN THE CITY!

may13-d3m

FOR NEW YORK,

The Great Southern Freight and Passenger Line,

VIA CHARLESTON, S. C.

Rates Guaranteed as low as by any Competing Route.

THE SHORTEST SEA LINE NORTH AND EAST.

MARINE INSURANCE, HALF PER CENT.

The Old Established Tri-Weekly Route.

The Superior Ocean Side-Wheel Steamships

ON TUESDAYS.

CHARLESTON, 1,200 Tons, - - - - - JAMES BERRY, Commander.
JAMES ADGER, 1,200 Tons, - - - - - T. J. LOCKWOOD, "
JAMES ADGER & CO., Agents,
Adger's Wharf, Charleston, S. C.

ON THURSDAYS.

TENNESSEE, 1,650 Tons, - - - - - O. CHICHESTER, Commander.
SOUTH CAROLINA, 1,650 Tons, - - - - - SIM ADKINS, "
WAGNER, HUGER & CO., or
WM. A. COURTENAY, Union Wharves, Charleston, S. C.

ON SATURDAYS.

MANHATTAN, 1,300 Tons, - - - - - M. S. WOODHULL, Commander.
CHAMPION, 1,500 Tons, - - - - - R. W. LOCKWOOD, "
JAS. ADGER & CO., Agents, Adger's Wharf, Charleston, S. C.

These Steamships are First Class in every respect, and all under the command of men of many years' experience on the Atlantic Coast, and in speed, comfort and elegance of accommodations, are unrivalled by any Steamers from the South. Their tables are supplied with all the delicacies of the New York and Charleston Markets.

THROUGH PASSAGE TICKETS AND BILLS OF LADING

May be obtained at all of the Railroad Ticket and Freight Offices in connection with this favorite route, in South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee and Mississippi.

PRICE OF PASSAGE.

Atlanta via Charleston to New York, $27 50,

Including Meals and Stateroom on board of Steamers, and transfer in Charleston.

☞ Merchants ordering their Spring Goods, will find an important saving of time by directing them shipped via Charleston, S. C.

☞ Staterooms may be secured in advance without extra charge, by addressing the Agents of either Steamship Line, at Charleston.

B. D. HASELL, General Agent
Of the Great Southern Freight Line, 40 and 42 Broadway, N. Y.

HENRY R. MORGAN & CO., Agents
mar5—d3m Of Steamship Lines, 26 Broadway N. Y.

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LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

178 Broadway, New York.

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SPECIAL FEATURES:

All Policies issued by the Commonwealth are incontestable from date of issue, and are free from restrictions on travel.

It permits Residence anywhere without extra charge.

All Policies are non-forfeitable, and participate in the profits of the Company unless otherwise specified.

Dividends are declared annually upon all Policies that have been in force a full year, and are available on payment of the next annual premium.

DR. GEO. G. CRAWFORD, Medical Examiner. G. L. THOMAS & SON,
Managers Southern Department, No. 82 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

☞ Liberal inducements to Agents and Solicitors.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Howard Insurance Company of New York.

Cash Capital $500,000; Surplus, $275,470 61; Total, $775,470 61.

CHARTERED IN 1825.

THEO. KEELER, Secretary, SAM'L T. SKIDMORE, President.
WM. R. SKIDMORE, Assistant Secretary. HENRY A. OAKLEY, Vice Pres.

Virginia Home Insurance Company.

Invested Capital, $200,000; $30,000 State Bonds Deposited with Comptroller of the State of Georgia.

DAVID J. BURR, Secretary. D. I. HARTSOOK, President.

Buildings, Merchandise and Furniture insured against loss or damage by fire, in the above reliable Companies, on the most favorable terms. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

G. L. THOMAS & SON, Agents, No. 82 Whitehall St.
jan6-d3m

1870. **SPRING STOCK.** 1870.

M. C. & J. F. KISER,

76 Whitehall Street,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS

Yankee Notions, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps and Straw Goods.

KEEP constantly on hand a large assortment in every department selected with great care, and bought at the lowest prices from Importers and Manufacturers, and which we are offering to the Trade at prices to correspond with the late decline in Gold.

Our WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT is up-stairs, and entirely separate from our Retail Department, and we are prepared to offer great inducements to COUNTRY MERCHANTS, who are respectfully invited to examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

We are Agents for the Princeton Factory, Athens, Ga., and sell at Factory Prices. Their PREMIUM COTTON YARNS, first Premium awarded, State Fair, 1869; also, their Heavy Shirtings, Plaid Osnaburgs and Stripes.

Also, Sole Agents for Brumby & Woolfis' PREMIUM HOME-MADE SHOES. These Shoes were awarded the highest Premiums at the State Fair, 1869, and the Silver Cups are here on exhibition. apr21-d3m

GEN. A. H. COLQUITT. JAMES BAGGS. H. H. COLQUITT.

COLQUITT & BAGGS,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Bay Street, Savannah, Ga.

sep30-dtf

CHARTER OAK STOVES

LANGFORD & McCRATH,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

PUMPS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON,

Tinners' Findings, Stoves, Lamps, Hollow-Ware, Marbelized Slate Mantels at Factory Prices. Gas Fitting and Plumbing done to order.

KEY STONE BLOCK,

Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

☞ Agents for the celebrated "Charter Oak Stove." feb13-d1y

MARVIN'S PATENT

Alum and Dry Plaster

Fire and Burglar SAFES.

Will not corrode the iron, mould the contents, or lose their fire-proof qualities by age.

These are the only Safes filled with

ALUM AND DRY PLASTER!

Please send for an Illustrated Catalogue.

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